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# INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

## **Model Financial Statements 2006**

(Preliminary Version)

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#### **About this Publication**

This publication is a preliminary version of Deloitte's IFRS Model Financial Statements for 2006. We expect to to publish a final version in January 2007. That final version may reflect some changes from this preliminary version.

This publication contains general information only and is not intended to be comprehensive or to provide specific accounting, business, financial, investment, legal, tax or other professional advice or services. This publication is not a substitute for such professional advice or services, and it should not be acted on or relied upon or used as a basis for any decision or action that may affect you or your business. Before making any decision or taking any action that may affect you or your business, you should consult a qualified professional advisor.

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### International GAAP Holdings Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

The model financial statements of International GAAP Holdings Limited are intended to illustrate the presentation and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). They also contain additional disclosures that are considered to be best practice, particularly where such disclosures are included in illustrative examples provided with a specific Standard.

International GAAP Holdings Limited is assumed to have presented financial statements in accordance with IFRSs for a number of years. Therefore, it is not a first-time adopter of IFRSs. Readers should refer to IFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards* for specific requirements regarding an entity's first IFRS financial statements, and to the IFRS 1 section of Deloitte's Presentation and Disclosure Checklist for details of the particular disclosure requirements applicable for first-time adopters.

These model financial statements have been presented without regard to local laws or regulations. Preparers of financial statements will need to ensure that the options selected under IFRSs do not conflict with such sources of regulation (e.g. the revaluation of assets is not permitted in certain regimes - but these financial statements illustrate the presentation and disclosures required where the entity adopts the revaluation model under IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*). In addition, local laws or securities regulations may specify disclosures in addition to those required by IFRSs (e.g. in relation to directors' remuneration). Preparers of financial statements will consequently need to adapt the model financial statements to comply with such additional local requirements.

The model financial statements do not include separate financial statements for the parent, which may be required by local laws or regulations, or may be prepared voluntarily. Where an entity presents separate financial statements that comply with IFRSs, the requirements of IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* will apply. A separate income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the parent will generally be required, together with supporting notes.

Suggested disclosures are cross-referenced to the underlying requirements in the texts of the relevant Standards and Interpretations. In these 2006 model financial statements, we have illustrated the early adoption of IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* (which is effective for years beginning on or after 1 January 2007). Where the disclosure requirements of IFRS 7 had an equivalent in the predecessor Standard (IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation*), references to IAS 32 (which continues to be relevant to 2006 financial statements for those entities that have not adopted IFRS 7 in advance of its effective date) are provided in square brackets for users' convenience.

Note that in these model financial statements, we have frequently included line items for which a nil amount is shown, so as to illustrate items that, although not applicable to International GAAP Holdings Limited, are commonly encountered in practice. This does not mean that we have illustrated all possible disclosures. Nor should it be taken to mean that, in practice, entities are required to display line items for such "nil" amounts. For the purposes of presenting the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement, the various alternatives allowed under IFRSs for those statements have been illustrated. Preparers should select the alternatives most appropriate to their circumstances.

Contents	Page
Consolidated income statement	
Alt 1 – Expenses analysed by function	4
Alt 2 – Expenses analysed by nature	5
Consolidated balance sheet	6
Changes in equity	
Alt 1 – Consolidated statement of changes in equity	8
Alt 2 – Consolidated statement of recognised income and expense	10
Consolidated cash flow statement	
Alt 1 – Direct method of reporting cash flows from operating activities	11
Alt 2 – Indirect method of reporting cash flows from operating activities	12
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	14
Auditor's report	100

#### Index to the notes to the consolidated financial statements Page General information Adoption of new and revised Standards Significant accounting policies Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty Revenue Business and geographical segments Investment revenue Other gains and losses Finance costs Income taxes **Discontinued operations** Non-current assets classified as held for sale Profit for the year Earnings per share Property, plant and equipment Investment property Goodwill Other intangible assets Subsidiaries Investments in associates Joint ventures Other financial assets Other assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Finance lease receivables Assets pledged as security Construction contracts Issued capital Reserves Retained earnings and dividends Borrowings Convertible loan notes Other financial liabilities Provisions Other liabilities Trade and other payables Obligations under finance leases Retirement benefit plans **Financial instruments** Share-based payments Related party transactions Acquisition of subsidiaries **Disposal of business** Cash and cash equivalents Non-cash transactions and financing facilities Operating lease arrangements Commitments for expenditure Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

50 Events after the balance sheet date51 Approval of financial statements

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
IAS 1.8(b) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2006			[Alt 1]
IAS 1.104		Notes	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
IAS 1.46(d),(e)	Continuing operations		CU'000	CU'000
IAS 1.81(a) IAS 1.88	Revenue Cost of sales	5	140,918 (87,899)	151,840 (91,840)
IAS 1.83	Gross profit		53,019	60,000
IAS 1.83 IAS 1.83 IAS 1.81(c) IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.81(b) IAS 1.88	Investment revenue Other gains and losses Share of profits of associates Distribution expenses Marketing expenses Occupancy expenses Administration expenses Finance costs Other expenses	7 8 20 9	3,608 934 1,186 (5,087) (3,293) (2,128) (11,001) (5,034) (2,656)	2,351 1,005 1,589 (4,600) (2,247) (2,201) (15,124) (6,023) (2,612)
IAS 1.83 IAS 1.81(d)	Profit before tax Income tax expense	10	29,548 (11,306)	32,138 (11,801)
IAS 1.83	Profit for the year from continuing operations		18,242	20,337
	Discontinued operations			
IAS 1.81(e)	Profit for the year from discontinued operations	11	8,310	9,995
IAS 1.81(f)	Profit for the year	13	26,552	30,332
	Attributable to:			
IAS 1.82(b) IAS 1.82(a)	Equity holders of the parent Minority interest		22,552 4,000	27,569 2,763
			26,552	30,332
	Earnings per share	14		
	From continuing and discontinued operations:			
IAS 33.66	Basic (cents per share)		129.4	136.9
IAS 33.66	Diluted (cents per share)		121.8	130.5
	From continuing operations:			
IAS 33.66	Basic (cents per share)		81.7	87.3
IAS 33.66	Diluted (cents per share)		76.9	83.2
	Note: The format outlined above aggregates expenses	s according to the	eir function.	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
IAS 1.8(b) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2006			[Alt 2]
IAS 1.104		Notes	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
IAS 1.46(d),(e)	Continuing operations		CU'000	CU'000
IAS 1.81(a) IAS 1.83 IAS 1.83 IAS 1.81(c) IAS 1.88	Revenue Investment revenue Other gains and losses Share of profits of associates Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in	5 7 8 20	140,918 3,608 934 1,186	151,840 2,351 1,005 1,589
IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88 IAS 1.81(b) IAS 1.88 IAS 1.88	progress Raw materials and consumables used Employee benefits expense Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs Consulting expense Other expenses	9	(7,122) (70,393) (9,803) (12,412) (5,034) (3,120) (9,214)	2,118 (85,406) (11,655) (13,878) (6,023) (1,926) (7,877)
IAS 1.83 IAS 1.81(d)	Profit before tax Income tax expense	10	29,548 (11,306)	32,138 (11,801)
IAS 1.83	Profit for the year from continuing operations		18,242	20,337
	Discontinued operations			
IAS 1.81(e)	Profit for the year from discontinued operations	11	8,310	9,995
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	Attributable to:			
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IAS 33.66	Diluted (cents per share)		76.9	83.2
	Note: The format outlined above aggregates expenses a	ccording to the	eir nature.	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
IAS 1.8(a) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2006			
IAS 1.104		Notes	31/12/06	31/12/05
IAS 1.46(d),(e)			CU'000	CU'000
	ASSETS			
IAS 1.51	Non-current assets			
IAS 1.68(a)	Property, plant and equipment	15	111,235	134,461
IAS 1.68(b)	Investment property	16	136	132
IAS 1.69	Goodwill	17	20,253	24,060
IAS 1.68(c)	Other intangible assets	18	9,739	11,325
IAS 1.68(e)	Investments in associates	20	8,425	7,269
IAS 1.68(n)	Deferred tax assets	10	-	-
IAS 1.69	Finance lease receivables Other financial assets	26 22	830	717
IAS 1.68(d) IAS 1.69	Other assets	22	10,411	9,656
IAS 1.09		23		-
	Total non-current assets		161,029	187,620
IAS 1.51	Current assets			
IAS 1.68(g)	Inventories	24	31,364	30,242
IAS 1.68(ĥ)	Trade and other receivables	25	18,490	16,292
IAS 1.69	Finance lease receivables	26	198	188
IAS 1.68(d)	Other financial assets	22	8,757	6,949
IAS 1.68(m)	Current tax assets	10	85	60
IAS 1.69	Other assets	23		-
IAS 1.68(i)	Cash and bank balances	45	20,199	19,778
			79,093	73,509
IAS 1.68A(a)	Non-current assets classified as held for sale	12	22,336	-
	Total current assets		101,429	73,509
	Total assets		262,458	261,129

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited Consolidated balance sheet			
	at 31 December 2006 – continued			
		Notes	31/12/06	31/12/05
			CU'000	CU'000
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Capital and reserves			
AS 1.69	Issued capital	29	32,439	48,672
AS 1.69	Reserves	30	4,245	3,376
S 1.69	Retained earnings	31	110,351	94,986
			147,035	147,034
AS 1.69	Amounts recognised directly in equity relating to non-current assets classified as held for sale	12		
		12		-
AS 1.68(p)	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		147,035	147,034
AS 1.68(o)	Minority interest		24,005	20,005
	Total equity		171,040	167,039
AS 1.51	Non-current liabilities			
AS 1.69	Borrowings	32	32,611	31,478
AS 1.68(I)	Other financial liabilities	34	-	-
AS 1.69	Retirement benefit obligation	39	508	352
AS 1.68(n)	Deferred tax liabilities	10	4,591	3,693
AS 1.68(k)	Provisions	35	2,298	2,326
AS 1.69	Other liabilities	36	180	270
	Total non-current liabilities		40,188	38,119
AS 1.51	Current liabilities			
AS 1.68(j)	Trade and other payables	37	16,312	21,143
AS 1.69	Borrowings	32	22,446	25,600
AS 1.68(I)	Other financial liabilities	34	104	18
S 1.68(m)	Current tax liabilities	10	5,133	5,868
AS 1.68(k)	Provisions	35	3,461	3,247
AS 1.69	Other liabilities	36	90	95
			47,546	55,971
AS 1.68A(b)	Liabilities directly associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale	12	3,684	-
				55.074
	Total current liabilities		51,230	55,971
	Total liabilities		91,418	94,090
	Total equity and liabilities		262,458	261,129

Source	International GAAP Holdings L	.imited												
IAS 1.8(c)(i) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated statement of cha for the year ended 31 Decembe		equity											[Alt 1]
IAS 1.97(b),(c)	-	Share capital CU'000	Share premium CU'000	General reserve CU'000	Properties revaluation reserve CU'000	Investments revaluation reserve CU'000	Equity- settled employee benefits reserve CU'000	Hedging reserve CU'000	Foreign currency translation reserve CU'000	Option premium on convertible notes CU'000	Retained earnings CU'000	Attributable to equity holders of the parent CU'000	Minority interest CU'000	Total CU'000
1/10 11.40(d),(c)							00000			00000				
IAS 1.96(d)	Balance at 1 January 2005 Effect of changes in the accounting for financial guarantee contracts	23,005	25,667	807	51	470	-	258	140	-	73,917 (21)	124,315 (21)	17,242	141,557 (21)
	As restated	23,005	25,667	807	51	470	-	258	140	-	73,896	124,294	17,242	141,536
IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on revaluation of property Increase/(decrease) arising from a change in existing decommissioning, restoration	-	-	-	1,643	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,643	-	1,643
IAS 1.96(b)	or similar liabilities Gain/(loss) on available-for-sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	investments	-	-	-	-	81	-	- 316	-	-	-	81 316	-	81 316
IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on cash flow hedges Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-		-	-	-	310	- 121	-	-	121	-	121
IAS 1.96(b)	Related income tax	-	-	-	(493)	(24)	-	(95)	(36)	-	-	(648)	-	(648)
IAS 1.96(b)	Net income (expense) recognised directly in equity	-	-	-	1,150	57	-	221	85	-	-	1,513	-	1,513
IFRS 7.23(d) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Transfers (net of any related tax): Transfer to profit or loss on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	(60)	-	-	-	(60)	-	(60)
IFRS 7.23(e) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Transfer to initial carrying amount of non-financial hedged item on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	(141)	-	-	-	(141)	-	(141)
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)] IAS 1.96(a)	Transfer to profit or loss on sale of available-for-sale investments Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 27,569	- 27,569	- 2,763	- 30,332
1/10 1.50(u)	-										21,000	21,000	2,700	00,002
IAS 1.96(c)	Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	1,150	57	-	20	85	-	27,569	28,881	2,763	31,644
IAS 1.97(a) IAS 1.97(a)	Recognition of share-based payments Payment of dividends	-	-	-	-	-	338 -	-	-	-	- (6,479)	338 (6,479)	-	338 (6,479)
	Balance at 31 December 2005	23,005	25,667	807	1,201	527	338	278	225	-	94,986	147,034	20,005	167,039

	for the year ended 31 Decemb	per 2006	– Alt 1 c	ontinue	d									[Alt 1]
		Share capital CU'000	Share premium CU'000	General reserve CU'000		Investments revaluation reserve CU'000	Equity- settled employee benefits reserve CU'000	Hedging reserve CU'000	Foreign currency translation <u>reserve</u> CU'000	Option premium on convertible notes CU'000	Retained earnings CU'000	Attributable to equity holders of the parent CU'000	Minority interest CU'000	Total CU'000
	Balance at 1 January 2006	23,005	25,667	807	1,201	527	338	278	225	-	94,986	147,034	20,005	167,039
IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on revaluation of property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on available-for-sale													
	investments	-	-	-	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	94	-	94
IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	436	-	-	-	436	-	436
IAS 1.96(b)	Exchange differences arising on													
14.0 4 00(1)	translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	75	-	75
IAS 1.96(b)	Related income tax		-	-	-	(28)	-	(131)	(22)	-	-	(181)	-	(181)
IAS 1.96(b)	Net income (expense) recognised directly in equity					66	_	305	53	_	_	424		424
	Transfers (net of any related tax):	-	-	-	-	00	-	505		-	-	424	-	424
IFRS 7.23(d)	Transfer to profit or loss on cash flow													
[IAS 32.94(k)]	hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	(86)	-	-	-	(86)	-	(86)
IFRS 7.23(e)	Transfer to initial carrying amount of							()				()		()
[IAS 32.94(k)]	non-financial hedged item on cash flow													
	hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	(180)	-	-	-	(180)	-	(180)
	Transfer to profit or loss on disposal of								(0.4)			(0.4)		(0.4)
IAS 1.96(a)	foreign operation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(84)	-	- 22,552	(84)	- 4.000	(84)
IAS 1.96(a)	Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,552	22,552	4,000	26,552
IAS 1.96(c)	Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	-	66	-	39	(31)	-	22,552	22,626	4,000	26,626
IAS 1.97(a)	Recognition of share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	206	-	-	-	-	206	-	206
IAS 1.97(a)	Issue of ordinary shares under employee													
	share option plan	314	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	-	314
IAS 1.97(a)	Issue of ordinary shares for consulting	0	-									•		
	services performed	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
IAS 1.97(a)	Issue of converting non-participating preference shares	100	_	_	_	_		_			_	100		100
IAS 1.97(a)	Issue of convertible notes	100	_		_	_	_	_	-	834	_	834	-	834
IAS 1.97(a)	Share issue costs	-	(6)		-	-	-	-	-	- 00	-	(6)	-	(6)
IAS 1.97(a)	Buy-back of ordinary shares	(5,603)	(10,853)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(555)	(17,011)	-	(17,011)
IAS 1.97(a)	Share buy-back costs	-	(277)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(277)	-	(277)
IAS 1.97(a)	Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
IAS 1.97(a)	Payment of dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,635)	(6,635)	-	(6,635)
IAS 1.97(a)	Related income tax		84	-	-	-	-	-	-	(242)	-	(158)	-	(158)
	Balance at 31 December 2006	17,819	14,620	807	1,198	593	544	317	194	592	110,351	147,035	24,005	171,040
	Dalance at 51 December 2000	17,019	14,020	007	1,190	292	J44	517	194	J9Z	110,551	147,000	24,000	111,040

Note: See next page for discussion of the format of the statement of changes in equity.

International GAAP Holdings Limited

Source

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
IAS 1.8(c)(ii) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated statement of recognised income and e for the year ended 31 December 2006	expense		[Alt 2]
IAS 1.104		Notes	Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 1.46(d),(e)				
IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b)	Gain/(loss) on revaluation of property Increase/(decrease) arising from a change in existing		-	1,643
IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b)	commissioning, restoration or similar liabilities Gain/(loss) on available-for-sale investments taken to equity Gain/(loss) on cash flow hedges taken to equity Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign		94 436	- 81 316
IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b) IAS 1.96(b)	operations Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans (see note) Other [describe] Income tax on income/expense taken directly to equity		75 - - (181)	121 - - (648)
IAS 1.96(b)	Net income/(expense) recognised directly in equity		424	1,513
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)] IFRS 7.23(d)	Transfers (net of any related tax): Transfer to profit or loss on sale of available-for-sale investments Transfer to profit or loss from equity on cash flow hedges		(86)	(60)
[IAS 32.94(k)] IFRS 7.23(e) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Transfer to initial carrying amount of non-financial hedged item on cash flow hedges		(180)	(141)
IAS 1.96(a)	Transfer to profit or loss on disposal of foreign operation Profit for the year		(84) 26,552	- 30,332
IAS 1.96(c)	Total recognised income and expense for the period		26,626	31,644
IAS 1.96(c)	Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Minority interests		22,626 4,000	28,881 2,763
			26,626	31,644
IAS 1.96(d)	Effects of changes in accounting policy			
	<ul> <li>Attributable to equity holders of the parent:</li> <li>increase/(decrease) in retained earnings at the beginning of the period</li> <li>[describe]</li> <li>Attributable to minority interests</li> </ul>	31	-	(21)
IAS 1.96(d)	Effects of corrections of errors			(21)
	Attributable to equity holders of the parent: - increase/(decrease) in retained earnings at the beginning of the period Attributable to minority interests	31		- - -
	<ul> <li>Note: IAS 1 requires that the financial statements should include equity (as illustrated in Alt 1 on the previous pages), or chacapital transactions with owners and distributions to owners illustrates an approach which presents those changes in equities separate component of the financial statements. If this method of the opening and closing balances of share capital, reserprovided in the notes (see notes 29 to 31).</li> <li>The format of the statement is generally an accounting poselected the option available under paragraph 93A of IAS 1 gains and losses outside profit or loss, those actuarial gains statement of recognised income and expense as illustrated such changes in a statement of changes in equity as illustrated.</li> </ul>	nges in equi s (as illustrat uity that repr od of present ves and reta olicy choice. 9, Employee and losses a above. The e	ity other than tho ed in Alt 2 abov esent income an ation is adopted, ined earnings is However, where Benefits, to reco re required to be entity is not perm	ese arising from re). Alt 2 above ad expense in a a reconciliation required to be the entity has ognise actuarial presented in a hitted to present

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
IAS 1.8(d) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2006		[Alt 1]
IAS 1.104	Notes	Year ended	Year ended
IAS 1.46(d),(e)		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 7.10	Cash flows from operating activities		
IAS 7.18(a)	Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees	211,138 (164,900)	214,487 (151,190)
140 7 04	Cash generated from operations	46,238	63,297
IAS 7.31 IAS 7.35	Interest paid Income taxes paid	(5,259) (13,724)	(6,154) (10,068)
	Net cash generated by operating activities	27,255	47,075
IAS 7.10	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Payment for investment securities Proceeds on sale of investment securities	(5,393) 3,604	(3,762) 4,000
IAS 7.31	Interest received	2,315	1,304
	Royalties and other investment income received	1,119	879
	Dividends received from associates	30	25
IAS 7.31	Other dividends received	156	154
	Amounts advanced to related parties Proceeds from repayment of related party loans	(5,637) 5,088	(5,088) 2,355
	Payments for property, plant and equipment	(22,983)	(11,902)
	Payments for investment property	(10)	(11,002)
	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	9,872 <sup>´</sup>	22,295
	Payments for intangible assets	(6)	(358)
	Development costs paid	(502)	(440)
IAS 7.39 IAS 7.39	Acquisition of subsidiaries43Proceeds from disposal of businesses44	(622) 7,566	-
	Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities	(5,403)	9,450
IAS 7.10	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issues of equity shares	414	-
	Proceeds from issue of convertible loan notes	4,950	-
	Payment for share issue costs Payment for share buy-back to:	(6)	-
	- equity holders of the parent	(17,011)	-
	- minority interests	-	-
	Payment for share buy-back costs	(277)	-
	Proceeds from issue of redeemable cumulative preference shares	15,000	-
	Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes	2,500	-
	Payment for debt issue costs Proceeds from borrowings	(595) 17,981	- 12,177
	Repayment of borrowings	(37,792)	(61,662)
IAS 7.31	Dividends paid to:	(01,102)	(01,002)
	<ul> <li>equity holders of the parent</li> <li>minority interests</li> </ul>	(6,635)	(6,479)
	Net cash used in financing activities	(21,471)	(55,964)
		i	· ·
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the	381	561
	financial year	19,400	18,864
IAS 7.28	Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	55	(25)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 45	19,836	19,400
	Note: The above illustrates the direct method of reporting cash flows f		

Source IAS 1.8(d)	International GAAP Holdings Limited Consolidated cash flow statement			
IAS 1.46(b),(c) IAS 1.104	for the year ended 31 December 2006	Notes	Year ended	[Alt 2] Year ender
IAS 1.46(d),(e)		Notoo	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 7.10 IAS 7.18(b)	Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the year		26,552	30,332
	Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss Finance costs recognised in profit or loss Investment revenue recognised in profit or loss (Gain)/loss on sale or disposal of property, plant and		14,466 5,184 (3,608) (6)	14,799 6,157 (2,351) (67)
	equipment Loss/(gain) on revaluation of investment property (Gain)/loss on disposal of business		6 (1,940)	(8)
	(Gain)/loss on revaluation of financial assets recognised in profit or loss (Gain)/loss transferred from equity on sale of available-for-			-
	sale financial assets (Gain)/loss transferred from equity on impairment of available-for-sale financial assets		-	-
	Impairment loss (reversed) recognised on trade receivables Share of profits of associates		(40) (1,186)	430 (1,589)
	Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets Impairment of non-current assets recognised in profit or loss		14,179 1,219	17,350 -
	Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss Expense recognised in profit or loss in respect of equity-		(144) 206	68 338
	settled share-based payment Development costs expensed		502	440
			55,390	65,899
	Movements in working capital (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase)/decrease Inventories (Increase)/decrease in other assets		(4,143) (4,611)	2,295 (2,008)
	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in provisions Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(539) 141 -	(2,627 (262) -
	Cash generated from operations		46,238	63,297
AS 7.31 AS 7.35	Interest paid Income taxes paid		(5,259) (13,724)	(6,154) (10,068)
	Net cash generated by operating activities		27,255	47,075

for the year ended 31 December 2006 – Alt 2 contir	nued		
	Notes	Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year endec 31/12/05 CU'000
Cash flows from investing activities			
			(3,762)
			4,000
			1,304 879
			25
Other dividends received			154
Amounts advanced to related parties		(5,637)	(5,088)
Proceeds from repayment of related party loans		5,088	2,355
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(22,983)	(11,902)
		(10)	(12)
			22,295
			(358)
	13	· · ·	(440)
Proceeds from disposal of business	44	7,566	-
Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities		(5,403)	9,450
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issues of equity shares		414	-
Proceeds from issue of convertible loan notes		4,950	-
		(6)	-
		(47.044)	
		(17,011)	-
		- (277)	-
		(211)	
shares		15,000	-
Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes		2,500	-
Payment for debt issue costs		(595)	-
Proceeds from borrowings		17,981	12,177
		(37,792)	(61,662)
			(0.470)
<ul> <li>equity holders of the parent</li> <li>minority interests</li> </ul>		(6,635)	(6,479) -
Net cash used in financing activities		(21,471)	(55,964)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		381	561
financial year		19,400	18,864
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial		55	(25)
	<ul> <li>Payment for investment securities</li> <li>Proceeds on sale of investment securities</li> <li>Interest received</li> <li>Royalties and other investment income received</li> <li>Dividends received from associates</li> <li>Other dividends received</li> <li>Amounts advanced to related parties</li> <li>Proceeds from repayment of related party loans</li> <li>Payments for property, plant and equipment</li> <li>Payments for investment property</li> <li>Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment</li> <li>Payments for intangible assets</li> <li>Development costs paid</li> <li>Acquisition of subsidiaries</li> <li>Proceeds from disposal of business</li> <li>Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities</li> <li>Cash flows from financing activities</li> <li>Proceeds from issue of equity shares</li> <li>Proceeds from issue of equity shares</li> <li>Proceeds from sisue of the parent <ul> <li>equity holders of the parent</li> <li>minority interests</li> </ul> </li> <li>Payment for share buy-back to: <ul> <li>equity holders of propetual notes</li> <li>Payment for share buy-back costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes</li> <li>Payment for debt issue costs</li> <li>Proceeds from borrowings</li> <li>Repayment of borrowings</li> <li>Repayment of borrowings</li> <li>Repayment of borrowings</li> <li>Repayment of borrowings</li> <li>Net cash used in financing activities</li> </ul> <li>Net cash used in financing activities</li>	Payment for investment securities         Proceeds on sale of investment securities         Interest received         Royalties and other investment income received         Dividends received         Amounts advanced to related parties         Proceeds from repayment of related party loans         Payments for property, plant and equipment         Payments for investment property         Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         Payments for intrangible assets         Development costs paid         Acquisition of subsidiaries         43         Proceeds from disposal of business         44         Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities         Cash flows from financing activities         Proceeds from issues of equity shares         Proceeds from issue of convertible loan notes         Payment for share buy-back to:         - equity holders of the parent         - minority interests         Payment for debt issue ocsts         Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes         Payment for debt issue costs         Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes         Payment for debt issue costs         Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes         Payment for debt issue costs         Procee	Cu'000Cu'000Cush flows from investment securitiesPayment for investment securities3,604Interest received2,315Royalties and other investment income received1,119Dividends received from associates30Other dividends received156Amounts advanced to related parties(5,637)Proceeds from repayment of related party loans5,088Payments for property, plant and equipment(22,983)Payments for investment property(10)Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment9,872Payments for intangible assets(6)Development costs paid(502)Acquisition of subsidiaries43(622)Proceeds from disposal of business447,566Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities(5,403)Cash flows from financing activities(6)Payment for share issue of equity shares(6)Payment for share issue costs(6)Payment for share issue of equity shares(17,011)- minority interests equity holders of the parent(17,011)- minority interests(595)Proceeds from issue of perpetual notes2,500Payment for share issue of perpetual notes(21,471)Net cash used in financing activities(21,471)Net cash used in financing activities(21,471)Net cash used in financing activities381Cash and cash equivalents381Cash

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited							
IAS 1.8(e) IAS 1.46(b),(c)	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006	S						
	1. General information							
IAS 1.126(a)	International GAAP Holdings Limited (the Company) is a limited company incorporated in A Land. The addresses of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the introduction to the annual report. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group) are described in note 6.							
	2. Adoption of new and revised Standards							
IAS 1.38 IAS 8.28	In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (the IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual reporting periods beginning on 1 January 2006. The adoption of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have affected the amounts reported for the current or prior years:							
	• investments classified as at fair value through pro	ofit or loss; and						
	• financial guarantee contracts.							
	The impact of these changes is discussed in detail late earnings per share is disclosed in note 14.	er in this note. The impact on basic and diluted						
IFRS 7.43	In addition, the Group has elected to adopt IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i> in advance its effective date of 1 January 2007. The impact of the new Standard has been to expand the disclosures provided in these financial statements regarding the Group's financial instruments. The Group has also elected to present information regarding its objectives, policies and processes financial (see note 40) as required by amendments to IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Finance Statements</i> in advance of the effective date for those amendments of 1 January 2007.							
IAS 8.30(a)	At the date of authorisation of these financial statemer were in issue but not yet effective:	nts, the following Standards and Interpretations						
	<ul> <li>IFRIC 7 Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies</li> </ul>	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2006						
	• IFRIC 8 Scope of IFRS 2	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 May 2006						
	IFRIC 9 Reassessment of Embedded     Derivatives	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2006						
	IFRIC 10 Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 November 2006						
IAS 8.30(b)	The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group.							
	Note: This listing of Standards and Interpretations is complete at 30 September 2006. The potential impact of any new or revised Standards and Interpretations released by the IASB after that date, but before the issue of the financial statements, should also be considered and disclosed.							
	Limitation of ability to designate financial assets a	nd financial liabilities through profit or loss						
IAS 8.28(a)	Following amendments to IAS 39 <i>Financial Instruments</i> the ability of entities to designate any financial asset or or loss' (FVTPL) has been limited.							

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
IAS 8.28(c)	Financial assets that can no longer be designated as at FVTPL are now classified as either loans and receivables, held-to-maturity or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate, and measured at amortised cost, or at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in equity, according to their classification. Financial liabilities that can no longer be designated as at FVTPL are classified as 'other' financial liabilities and measured at amortised cost.
IAS 8.28(b),(d)	These changes have been applied by the Group in accordance with the transitional provisions of IAS 39 with effect from the beginning of the comparative reporting period presented in these financial statements (i.e. with effect from 1 January 2005). The amendments result in listed shares held by the Group with a carrying amount at 1 January 2005 of CU1.889 million that were previously designated as at FVTPL being reclassified as available-for-sale investments. Although ordinarily the designation of a financial asset as available-for-sale is made on initial recognition, the transitional provisions of IAS 39 allow such designation to be made on the date of de-designation (1 January 2005). Fair value movements after 1 January 2005 are recognised directly in equity in the investments revaluation reserve.
IAS 8.28(f)	The impact of reclassification is a decrease in the profit for the year ended 31 December 2005 of CU5,000 (net of tax) and an increase in gains recognised in the investments revaluation reserve for the year ended 31 December 2005 of CU5,000. The profit for the 2006 financial year is CU8,000 lower than it would have been had the previous classification continued to apply. Had the relevant gains been recognised in the income statement, they would have been dealt with in the line item "other gains and losses".
	Accounting for financial guarantee contracts
IAS 8.28(a) IAS 8.28(c)	The IASB has also amended IAS 39 <i>Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement</i> to require certain financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group to be accounted for in accordance with that Standard. Financial guarantee contracts that are accounted for in accordance with IAS 39 are measured initially at their fair values, and subsequently measured at the higher of:
	• the amount of the obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with IAS 37 <i>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</i> ; and
	• the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policies set out in note 3 below.
IAS 8.28(b),(d)	The changes have been applied by the Group in accordance with the transitional provisions of IAS 39 with effect from the beginning of the comparative reporting period presented in these financial statements (i.e. with effect from 1 January 2005).
	The application of these amendments results in such financial guarantee contracts now being recognised and measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation and the amount initially recognised at fair value less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation.
IAS 8.28(f)	The impact of this change in accounting policy at the beginning of the comparative period is the recognition of a liability for financial guarantee contracts of CU30,000 and the associated deferred tax asset of CU9,000, with a corresponding adjustment against opening retained earnings. Profit for the year ended 31 December 2005 is CU8,000 higher under the new policy, and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2005 higher by CU18,000. Profits for the year ended 31 December 2006 are CU4,000 lower under the new accounting policy as a result of a probable claim under the financial guarantee that has led to an increase in the carrying amount of the financial guarantee. These changes affect the "other expenses" line item in the income statement.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
IAS 1.103(a)	3. Significant accounting policies
IAS 1.108	Statement of compliance
IAS 1.14	The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
	Basis of preparation
	The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and financial instruments. The principal accounting policies are set out below.
	Basis of consolidation
	The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.
	The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.
	Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.
	All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.
	Minority interests in the net assets (excluding goodwill) of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination (see below) and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.
	Business combinations
	Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the business combination is measured as the aggregate of the fair values (at the date of exchange) of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3 <i>Business Combinations</i> are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 <i>Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations</i> , which are recognised and measured at fair value less costs to sell.
	Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss.
	The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Investments in associates
	An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.
	The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5 <i>Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.</i> Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Losses of an associate in excess of the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate) are not recognised, unless the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
	Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.
	Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.
	Interests in joint ventures
	A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, that is when the strategic financial and operating policy decisions relating to the activities of the joint venture require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.
	Where a group entity undertakes its activities under joint venture arrangements directly, the Group's share of jointly controlled assets and any liabilities incurred jointly with other venturers are recognised in the financial statements of the relevant entity and classified according to their nature. Liabilities and expenses incurred directly in respect of interests in jointly controlled assets are accounted for on an accrual basis. Income from the sale or use of the Group's share of the output of jointly controlled assets, and its share of joint venture expenses, are recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to/from the Group and their amount can be measured reliably.
IAS 31.57	Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest are referred to as jointly controlled entities. The Group reports its interests in jointly controlled entities using proportionate consolidation, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5 <i>Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.</i> The Group's share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of jointly controlled entities are combined with the equivalent items in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis.
	Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Group's interest in a jointly controlled entity is accounted for in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary (see below).
	Where the Group transacts with its jointly controlled entities, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Goodwill
	Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary or jointly controlled entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.
	For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.
	On disposal of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.
	The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described under 'Investments in associates' above.
	Non-current assets held for sale
	Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.
	Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.
IAS 18.35(a)	Revenue recognition
	Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.
	Sale of goods
	Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:
	• the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
	• the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
	the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
	• it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
	• the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Rendering of services
	Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of the contract is determined as follows:
	• installation fees are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the installation, determined as the proportion of the total time expected to install that has elapsed at the balance sheet date;
	• servicing fees included in the price of products sold are recognised by reference to the proportion of the total cost of providing the servicing for the product sold, taking into account historical trends in the number of services actually provided on past goods sold; and
	• revenue from time and material contracts is recognised at the contractual rates as labour hours are delivered and direct expenses are incurred.
	Revenue from construction contracts is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy outlined below.
	Royalties
	Royalty revenue is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement. Royalties determined on a time basis are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the agreement. Royalty arrangements that are based on production, sales and other measures are recognised by reference to the underlying arrangement.
	Dividend and interest revenue
	Dividend revenue from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.
	Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.
	Rental income
	Rental income from investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.
IAS 11.39(b), (c)	Construction contracts
	Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, measured as the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.
	Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.
	When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.
	Leasing
	Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	The Group as lessor
	Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.
	Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
	The Group as lessee
	Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.
	Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see below). Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.
	Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.
	In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.
	Foreign currencies
	The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Currency Units ('CU'), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.
	In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.
	Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:
	• exchange differences which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets where they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings;
	• exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks (see below for hedging accounting policies);and
	• exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a

 exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a foreign operation, and which are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve and recognised in profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in Currency Units using exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.
	Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.
IAS 23.29(a)	Borrowing costs
	Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.
	All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.
IAS 20.39(a)	Government grants
	Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.
	Government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the balance sheet and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.
	Other government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.
IAS 19.120A(a)	Retirement benefit costs
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.
	For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses that exceed 10 per cent of the greater of the present value of the Group's defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets are amortised over the expected average remaining working lives of the participating employees. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.
	The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to unrecognised actuarial losses and past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

### Source International GAAP Holdings Limited Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued Share-based payments Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the grant date. Fair value is measured by use of a binomial model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations. Further details on how the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions has been determined can be found in note 41. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. The above policy is applied to all equity-settled share-based payments that were granted after 7 November 2002 that vested after 1 January 2005. No amount has been recognised in the financial statements in respect of the other equity-settled shared-based payments. Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with other parties are measured at the fair value of the goods and services received, except where the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability equal to the portion of the goods or services received is recognised at the current fair value determined at each balance sheet date. Taxation Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Current tax The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.
	Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.
	Current and deferred tax for the period
	Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.
IAS 16.73(a), (b)	Property, plant and equipment
	Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.
	Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is credited in equity to the properties revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.
	Depreciation on revalued buildings is charged to profit or loss. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the properties revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings. No transfer is made from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings except when an asset is derecognised.
	Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.
	Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.
	Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than land and properties under construction, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.
	Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.
	The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
IAS 40.75(a)	Investment property
	Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.
	Intangible assets
	Intangible assets acquired separately
IAS 38.118(b)	Intangible assets acquired separately are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.
	Internally-generated intangible assets - research and development expenditure
	Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.
	An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:
	• the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
	• the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
	• the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
	how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
	• the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
	• the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.
	The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.
IAS 38.118(b)	Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.
	Intangible assets acquired in a business combination
	Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair values can be measured reliably. The cost of such intangible assets is their fair value at the acquisition date.
IAS 38.118(b)	Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding goodwill
	At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.
	Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.
	Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.
	If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.
	Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.
IAS 2.36(a)	Inventories
	Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory, with the majority being valued on a first-in-first-out basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.
	Provisions
	Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.
	The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.
	When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.
	Onerous contracts
	Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as a provision. An

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as a provision. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Restructurings
	A restructuring provision is recognised when the Group has developed a detailed formal plan for the restructuring and has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement the plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it. The measurement of a restructuring provision includes only the direct expenditures arising from the restructuring, which are those amounts that are both necessarily entailed by the restructuring and no associated with the ongoing activities of the entity.
	Warranties
	Provisions for warranty costs are recognised at the date of sale of the relevant products, at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation.
IFRS 7.21	Financial assets
[IAS 32.60(b), 61]	Investments are recognised and derecognised on a trade date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.
	Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets as 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL), 'held-to-maturity investments', 'available-for-sale' (AFS) financia assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.
	Effective interest method
	The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and or allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.
	Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for debt instruments other than those financia assets designated as at FVTPL.
	Financial assets at FVTPL
	Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.
	A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:
	• it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
	• it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
	• it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:
	<ul> <li>such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or</li> </ul>
	• the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
	• it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.
	Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 40.
	Held-to-maturity investments
	Bills of exchange and debentures with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment, with revenue recognised on an effective yield basis.
	AFS financial assets
	Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the Group that are traded in an active market are classified as being AFS and are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 40. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity in the investments revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest rate method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the investments revaluation reserve is included in profit or loss for the period.
	Dividends on AFS equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payments is established.
	The fair value of AFS monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the balance sheet date. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in equity.
	Loans and receivables
	Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.
	Impairment of financial assets
	Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.
	With the exception of AFS equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.
	In respect of AFS equity securities, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised directly in equity.
IFRS 7.21	Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group
[IAS 32.60(b)]	Classification as debt or equity
	Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.
	Equity instruments
	An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.
	Compound instruments
IFRS 7.27	The component parts of compound instruments are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar non-convertible instrument. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date. The equity component is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured.
	Financial guarantee contract liabilities
	Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values and are subsequently measured at the higher of:
	• the amount of the obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with IAS 37 <i>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</i> ; and
	• the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policies set out above.
	Financial liabilities
	Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.
	Financial liabilities at FVTPL
	Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL where the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

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Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited					
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued					
	A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:					
	• it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near future; or					
	• it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or					
	• it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.					
	A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:					
	• such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or					
	• the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or					
	• it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.					
	Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 40.					
	Other financial liabilities					
	Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.					
	Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.					
	The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.					
IFRS 7.21 [IAS 32.60(b)]	Derivative financial instruments					
[ING 52.00(0)]	The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. Further details of derivative financial instruments are disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements.					
	Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and a subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date. The resulting gain or loss recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedgin instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The Group designates certain derivatives as either hedges of the fair value recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedges), hedges of highly probab forecast transactions or hedges of foreign currency risk of firm commitments (cash flow hedges), hedges of net investments in foreign operations.					
	The fair value of hedging derivatives is classified as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the hedge relationship is more than 12 months and as a current asset or a current liability if the remaining maturity of the hedge relationship is less than 12 months.					
	Derivatives not designated into an effective hedge relationship are classified as a current asset or a current liability.					
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Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	Embedded derivatives
	Derivatives embedded in other financial instruments or other host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.
	Hedge accounting
	The Group designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives, embedded derivatives and non-derivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as either fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or hedges of net investments in foreign operations. Hedges of foreign exchange risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.
	At the inception of the hedge relationship the entity documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group documents whether the hedging instrument that is used in a hedging relationship is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item.
	Note 40 contains details of the fair values of the derivative instruments used for hedging purposes. Movements in the hedging reserve in equity are also detailed in the statement of changes in equity.
	Fair value hedge
	Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged item that is attributable to the hedged risk.
	Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Group revokes the hedging relationship, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. The adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortised to profit or loss from that date.
	Cash flow hedge
	The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are deferred in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss as part of other expenses or other income.
	Amounts deferred in equity are recycled in profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item is recognised in profit or loss. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the asset or liability.
	Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Group revokes the hedging relationship, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss deferred in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was deferred in equity is recognised immediately in profit or loss.
	Hedges of net investments in foreign operations
	Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in equity in the foreign currency translation reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Gains and losses deferred in the foreign currency translation reserve are recognised in profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued
	4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty
	<ul> <li>Note: The following are <u>examples</u> of the types of disclosures that might be required in this area. The matters disclosed will be dictated by the circumstances of the individual entity, and by the significance of judgements and estimates made to the results and financial position of the entity.</li> <li>Instead of disclosing this information in a separate note, it may be more appropriate to include such disclosures in the relevant asset and liability notes, or as part of the relevant accounting policy disclosures.</li> </ul>
	policy disclosures.
	In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.
	The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.
IAS 1.113	Critical judgements in applying accounting policies
	The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in financial statements.
	Revenue recognition
	Note 13 describes the expenditure required in the year for rectification work carried out on goods supplied to one of the Group's major customers. These goods were delivered to the customer in the months of January to July 2006, and shortly thereafter the defects were identified by the customer. Following negotiations, a schedule of works was agreed, which will involve expenditure by the Group until 2008. In the light of the problems identified, management was required to consider whether it was appropriate to recognise the revenue from these transactions of CU39 million in the current period, in line with the Group's general policy of recognising revenue when goods are delivered, or whether it was more appropriate to defer recognition until the rectification work was complete.
	In making its judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from the sale of goods set out in IAS 18 <i>Revenue</i> and, in particular, whether the Group had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods. Following the detailed quantification of the Group's liability in respect of rectification work, and the agreed limitation on the customer's ability to require further work or to require replacement of the goods, the directors are satisfied that the significant risks and rewards have been transferred and that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate, in conjunction with recognition of an appropriate provision for the rectification costs.
IAS 1.116 IAS 1.120	Key sources of estimation uncertainty
IAS 1.120	The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.
	Recoverability of internally-generated intangible asset
	During the year, management reconsidered the recoverability of its internally-generated intangible asset arising from the Group's e-business development, which is included in its balance sheet at 31 December 2006 at CU0.5 million.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited	
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued	_
	The project continues to progress in a very satisfactory manner, and customer reaction h reconfirmed management's previous estimates of anticipated revenues from the project. Howev increased competitor activity has caused management to reconsider its assumptions regarding futu- market share and anticipated margins on these products. Detailed sensitivity analysis has be carried out and management is confident that the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered full, even if returns are reduced. This situation will be closely monitored, and adjustments made future periods if future market activity indicates that such adjustments are appropriate.	ver, ure een I in
	Impairment of goodwill	
	Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cas generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the en to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suital discount rate in order to calculate present value.	tity
	The carrying amount of goodwill at the balance sheet date was CU20.3 million after an impairmed loss of CU15,000 was recognised during 2006. Details of the impairment loss calculation are provide in note 17.	
	Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	
	As described in note 3, the Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. During the financial year, the directors determined that is useful life of certain items of equipment should be shortened, due to developments in technology.	
	The financial effect of this reassessment, assuming the assets are held until the end of their estimat useful lives, is to increase the consolidated depreciation expense in the current financial year and the next 3 years, by the following amounts:	
	CU'000	
	2006 9	
	2007 7 2008 4	
	2009 2	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	5. Revenue		
IAS 18.35(b)	An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year (excluding investment rev continuing and discontinued operations, is as follows:	enue – see not	e 7), for both
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 18.35(b) IAS 18.35(b)	<b>Continuing operations</b> Revenue from the sale of goods Revenue from the rendering of services	102,469 38,449	102,035 49,805
		140,918	151,840
	Discontinued operations		
IAS 11.39(a)	Revenue from the sale of goods Construction contract revenue	64,087 318	77,661 182
		64,405	77,843
		205,323	229,683
	the effective amount of the foreign currency derivatives that are used to he revenue. The amount included in revenue from continuing operations is C million) and revenue from discontinued operations is CU – million (2005: C	U - million (200	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited									
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued									
	6. Business and geographical segments									
	Note: The following analysis by business and geographical segment is required by IAS 14, Segment Reporting, to be presented by entities whose equity or debt securities are publicly traded, or that are in the process of issuing equity or debt securities in public securities markets. If an entity whose securities are not publicly traded chooses to disclose segment information voluntarily in financial statements that comply with IFRSs, that entity should comply fully with the requirements of IAS 14.									
	Business se	gments								
	Products and	services w	vithin each	business se	gment					
IAS 14.81 IAS 1.126(b)	For manager bicycles, con segment info	struction a	nd toys. Th	ese division	ns are the b	basis on wh	ich the Gro	oup reports	its primary	
	Widgets	- the r	manufactur	e and sale o	of widgets w	vithin A Lan	d and overs	seas.		
	Bicycles		manufactur Iren's bicyc	•	s including	leisure bicy	cles, mount	ain bicycles	and	
	Construction	- the o	constructior	n and renov	ation of res	idential prop	perties in A	Land.		
	Toys	- the r	manufactur	e and sale o	of toys withi	n A Land ar	nd oversea	S.		
	Other operati applications,						oftware for	specialised	business	
	During the financial year, the Group disposed of its bicycle business and the Board of Directors announced a plan to dispose of the construction business (see note 11).							f Directors		
IAS 14.5	Segment reve	enues								
	_		al sales		egment		her	То		
	_	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05	Year ended 31/12/06	ended 31/12/05	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05	
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	
	Widgets Bicycles	75,370 35,515	79,467 49,153	2,515 -	1,872 -	579 -	428 -	78,464 35,515	81,767 49,153	
	Construction Toys	28,890 63,455	28,690 69,542	- 806	- 650	-	-	28,890 64,261	28,690 70,192	
IAS 14.67	Other	1,514	2,403	-	-	-	-	1,514	2,403	
	Total of all seg Eliminations	ments						208,644 (3,321)	232,205 (2,522)	
IAS 14.67	Consolidated re	evenue						205,323	229,683	
IAS 14.75	Inter-segmen similar goods		charged a	t amounts	equal to co	mpetitive m	arket price	s for extern	al sales of	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Li	mited			
	Notes to the consolidated finan for the year ended 31 Decembe				
IAS 14.52	Segment result			Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
	Continuing operations			CU'000	CU'000
	Widgets			29,123	29,640
	Toys Other			8,774 1,011	10,343 984
				38,908	40,967
	Eliminations Unallocated			- (9,360)	- (8,829)
	Profit before tax			29,548	32,138
	Income tax expense			(11,306)	(11,801)
IAS 14.67	Profit for the year from continuing ope	erations		18,242	20,337
	Discontinued operations				
	Bicycles Construction			5,454 4,206	9,636 3,481
				9,660	13,117
	Eliminations Unallocated			- 1,810	- (124)
	Profit before tax Income tax expense			11,470 (3,160)	12,993 (2,998)
IAS 14.67	Profit for the year from discontinued of	operations		8,310	9,995
IAS 14.67	Profit for the year			26,552	30,332
IAS 14.55, 56	Segment assets and liabilities				
14.00, 00	Segment assets and habilities	Assets			ilities
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Widgets Bicycles	116,149	108,034 10,012	10,003	11,662 955
	Construction	- 18,494	20,012	- 3,104	2,552
	Toys	72,513	70,658	7,135	6,105
	Other	8,346	7,970	220	214
	Total of all segments Eliminations	215,502	216,686	20,462	21,488
	Unallocated	46,956	44,443	70,956	72,602
IAS 14.67	Consolidated	262,458	261,129	91,418	94,090
14.07	Consolidated	202,400	201,129	91,410	94,08

Source	International GAA	PHolding	gs Limite	d					
	Notoo to the conce	lidotod f	inonoiol	ototomo	nto				
	Notes to the conso for the year ended								
	Other segment inform	ation							
			gets	Bicy	/cles	Const	ruction	Т	oys
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/0 CU'00
		00 000	00 000	00 000	00000	00000	00000	00000	0000
AS 14.66	Carrying amount of associates accounted for using the equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	doing the equity method	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
		ended 31/12/06	ended 31/12/05	ended 31/12/06	ended 31/12/05	ended 31/12/06	ended 31/12/05	ended 31/12/06	ende 31/12/0
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'00
S 14.64	Share of net profit/(loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
AS 14.57	of associates Acquisition of segment								
	assets	8,507	6,952	-	325	4,099	1,500	7,317	2,500
AS 36.129(a)	Impairment losses:								
	Recognised in profit or loss	1,204	-	-	-	-	-	15	
	Recognised in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
AS 36.129(b)	Reversals of impairment								
	losses: Recognised in profit or	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	loss								
0 4 4 5 0	Recognised in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
AS 14.58	Depreciation and amortisation of								
	segment assets	5,261	5,988	2,120	3,236	967	1,309	3,665	3,202
AS 14.61	Significant other non-			_					
AS 14.59	cash expenses Significant revenues or expenses [describe]	451 -	155 -	5	30	9	35 -	20	60
	Geographical segme	nts							
AS 14.81	The Group's four divi Land. The composition						as – A Li	and, B La	ind and
	A Land The	Group ma	nufactures	s and sells	a broad ra	ange of all	of its proc	ducts in A	Land.
	B Land The	Group or	erates wi	daet man	ufacturing	facilities	and sales	offices in	n R I ar
	Prior		al of the o	division, th	nere was a				
	C Land The	Group ope	erates wid	get manuf	acturing fa	cilities and	d sales off	ices in C L	and.
	The Group's revenue geographical location			ners and ir	nformation	about its	segment a	assets by	
AC 14 CO			Dovonuo fi					Acculate	an af
AS 14.69			Revenue fr ernal cust		Seam	ent assets		Acquisition segment a	
			ended Ye		oogin		Year	ended Y	
		31/1		1/12/05	31/12/06	31/12/		12/06	31/12/05
				011/000	CU'000	CU'0	00 <u>C</u> l	J'000	CU'000
		CU	000	CU'000	CU 000				00000
	Aland	CU				202 Q	10 1/	1 450	
	A Land B Land	<b>CU</b> 148,	607 1	51,814	201,080	202,24 36,42		),459 5.567	5,760
	A Land B Land C Land	<b>CU</b> 148, 25,	607 1 898			202,24 36,42 22,00	28 5	0,459 5,567 3,897	5,760 2,888
	B Land	CU 148, 25, 25,	607 1 898	51,814 43,562	201,080 39,256	36,42	28 5 )9 3	5,567	5,760 2,888
	B Land C Land	CU 148, 25, 25,	607 1 898 485 333	51,814 43,562 25,687	201,080 39,256 21,684	36,42 22,00	28 5 09 3 50	5,567	5,760 2,888 2,629 -

IAS 17.47(e)       Sental revenue:         IAS 17.47(e)       Finance lease contingent rental revenue         Operating lease rental revenue:       -         IAS 17.56(b)       Contingent rental revenue:         IAS 17.56(b)       Interest revenue:         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:         Bank deposits       1650         IRS 7.20(b)       Interest revenue:         IIAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:         Bank deposits       166         IRS 7.20(b)       118         IRS 7.20(c)       -         IIAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:         Bank deposits       1,650         IRS 7.20(c)       118         IRS 7.20(c)       -         IIAS 18.35(b)       Royalties         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties         South and the revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Investment revenue earned on financial assets       310         Investment revenue earned on non-financial assets       310         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       2,471         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       2,471         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       2,471	Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
Year ended       Year ended       Year ended         1/12/06       31/12       CU'000       CU'0         Continuing operations       Rental revenue:       -       -         IAS 17.47(e)       Operating lease rental revenue:       -       -         IAS 40.75(f)       Investment properties       18       -         IAS 17.56(b)       Interest revenue:       -       -         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:       -       -         Bank deposits       1,650       7       -         Available-for-sale investments       1,650       7         Heid-tor-maturity investments       1,455       4         Impaired financial assets       -       -         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       -         Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       44         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       156         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       3,608       2,311         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:       Year ended         Year ended       Year ended       Year ended       11/12/06				
AS 17.206       31/12         Continuing operations       Continuing operations         Rental revenue:       Finance lease contingent rental revenue         (AS 17.50())       Contingent rental revenue:         (AS 17.50())       Interest revenue:         (AS 18.35(b))       Interest revenue:         (AS 18.35(b))       Interest revenue:         (AS 18.35(b))       Interest revenue:         (AS 18.35(b))       Bank deposits         (AS 18.35(b))       Interest revenue:         (AS 18.35(b))       Bank deposits         (AS 2.34(k))]       Total interest revenue         (IAS 32.94(k))]       Fotal interest revenue         (IAS 32.94(k))]       Total interest revenue         (IAS 38.35(b))       Dividends received         (IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received         (IAS 18.35(b))       Dividends received         (IAS 18.35(b))       Dividends received		7. Investment revenue		
IAS 17.47(e)       Continuing operations         Rental revenue:       Finance lease contigent rental revenue:         IAS 40.75(f)       Finance lease contigent rental revenue:         IAS 17.5(f)       Investment properties         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:         Bank deposits       1,650         Available-for-sale investments       1,650         IAS 2.94(k)]       Total interest revenue         IRS 7.20(d)       Interest revenue         IRS 3.2.94(k)]       Total interest revenue         IRS 3.5(b)       Dividends received         Dividends received       579         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540         426       420				Year ended 31/12/05
IAS 17.47(e)       Rental revenue:       -         IAS 40.75(f)       Investment properties       18         IAS 17.56(b)       Investment properties       18         IAS 17.56(b)       Interest revenue:       -         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:       -         Bank deposits       1650       7         Available-for-sale investments       154       14         Other loans and receivables       66         HERS 7.20(d)       -       -         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       13         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       14         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       14         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       14         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         3.608       2.31       31/12/06       31/12/06         Investment revenue earned on financial assets       310       33         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends receivables       1.7/16       7         Held-to-maturity investment				CU'000
IAS 17.47(e)       Finance lease contingent rental revenue       -         IAS 40.75(f)       Investment properties       18         IAS 17.56(b)       Contingent rental revenue       -         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:       18         IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:       18         Bank deposits       1,650       7         Available-for-sale investments       164       14         Other loans and receivables       66       -         HEId-to-maturity investments       2,315       1,30         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       15         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       15         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       540       44         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         Available-for-sale financial assets       310       31/12/06       31/12/06         Investment revenue earned on financial assets       310       32       31/12/06       31/12/06		Continuing operations		
AS 40.75(f)       Cperating lease rental revenue:         Investment properties       18         Contingent rental revenue       -         Other       -         AS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:         Bank deposits       1,650         Available-for-sale investments       154         Other loans and receivables       66         Held-to-maturity investments       445         Ins 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       -         IRS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,34         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         AS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       19         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         3.608       2,34         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:       Year ended       Year ended         Year ended       1,716       77         Held-to-maturity investments       4,45       44         Investment revenue earned on non-financial assets       310       31         Loans and receivables       1,716       77         Held-to-maturity investments       4,45       44         Loans and rece	AS 17 47(e)		_	_
AS 17.56(b) Contingent rental revenue Other Conter		Operating lease rental revenue:	40	4.4
AS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue: Bark deposits       18         Bark deposits       1,650       74         Available-for-sale investments       154       14         Other loans and receivables       66       145         Held-to-maturity investments       445       44         Impaired financial assets       -       -         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 38.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         AS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       14         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         As 18.35(b)       Dividends received on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:       16         Variable-for-sale financial assets       310       31         Loans and receivables       1,716       7         Held-to-maturity investments       445       445         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       1,137       8         3,608       2,36       2,36       2,36			18	14 -
IAS 18.35(b)       Interest revenue:       1,650       7.         Bank deposits       1,650       7.         Available-for-sale investments       164         Other loans and receivables       66         Impaired financial assets       445         IFRS 7.20(d)       Total interest revenue       2,315         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315         IFRS 7.20(d)       Total interest revenue       2,315         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540         Available-for-sale financial assets       3,608         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Year ended       Year et al. 31/12/06         Available-for-sale financial assets       310         Available-for-sale financial assets       310         Available-for-sale financial assets       445         445       445         445       445         445       445         446       445         447       1,716         448       445         444       445 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>			-	-
Bank deposits1,65074Available-for-sale investments15414Other loans and receivables66Held-to-maturity investments44544Impaired financial assets-IFRS 7.20(b)Total interest revenue2,3151,30IAS 18.35(b)Royalties57942IAS 18.35(b)Dividends received156156Other (aggregate of immaterial items)54044Other (aggregate of immaterial items)54044Available-for-sale financial assets31031Loans and receivables1,71674Held-to-maturity investments44544Investment income earned on non-financial assets31033Loans and receivables1,71674Investment income earned on non-financial assets3,6082,34Investment income earned on non-financial assets2,4711,44Investment income earned on non-financial assets2,4711,44Investment income earned on non-financial assets3,6082,34Investment income earned on non-finan			18	14
Available-for-sale investments       154       14         Other loans and receivables       66         Held-to-maturity investments       445       445         Impaired financial assets       -         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         IAS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         IAS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       19         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         Available-for-sale financial assets       3,608       2,32         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:       Year ended       Year ended         Year ended       1,716       7       445       44         Investment revenue earned on non-financial assets       310       30       30         Available-for-sale financial assets       31,0       30       30         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       1,137       83       3,608       2,34	AS 18.35(b)	Interest revenue:		
Other loans and receivables66Held-to-maturity investments445Impaired financial assets-FRS 7.20(b)Total interest revenue2,315IAS 32.94(k)]Total interest revenue2,315Royalties57942AS 18.35(b)Royalties579Other (aggregate of immaterial items)540AS 18.35(b)Dividends received156Other (aggregate of immaterial items)540As 18.35(b)At a set				741 148
FRS 7.20(d)       Impaired financial assets       -         IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         AS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         AS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       16         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         3,608       2,34         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Year ended       Year ended         3,112/06       31/12         CU'000       CU'0         Available-for-sale financial assets       310       30         Loans and receivables       1,716       7         Held-to-maturity investments       445       445         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       3,608       2,34				5
IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       -         FRS 7.20(b)       IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         AS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         AS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       19         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         3,608       2,34         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Year ended       Year ended         31/12/06       31/12         CU'000       CU'0         Available-for-sale financial assets       310         Loans and receivables       1,716         Held-to-maturity investments       445         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       3,608         3,608       2,34			445	410
FRS 7.20(b) IAS 32.94(k)]       Total interest revenue       2,315       1,30         AS 18.35(b)       Royalties       579       42         AS 18.35(b)       Dividends received       156       156         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         Other (aggregate of immaterial items)       540       44         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:       Year ended       Year ended         Vear ended       11/12       CU'000       CU'00       31/12         Available-for-sale financial assets       310       30         Loans and receivables       1,716       77         Held-to-maturity investments       2471       1,445         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       3,608       2,33         3,608       2,34       3,608       2,34		Impaired financial assets	_	_
AS 18.35(b) Royalties 579 42 AS 18.35(b) Dividends received 156 19 Other (aggregate of immaterial items) 540 49 3,608 2,39 Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows: Year ended Year ended Year ended 11/2/06 31/12 CU'000 CU'0 Available-for-sale financial assets 310 30 Loans and receivables 1,716 77 Held-to-maturity investments 445 44 Investment income earned on non-financial assets 1,137 89 3,608 2,39	FRS 7.20(b)			
AS 18.35(b) Dividends received 156 14 Other (aggregate of immaterial items) 540 44 <u>3,608 2,34</u> Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows: <u>Year ended Year ended Year ended 11/2/06 31/12</u> CU'000 CU'00 Available-for-sale financial assets 310 30 Loans and receivables 1,716 74 Held-to-maturity investments 445 44 Investment income earned on non-financial assets 2,471 1,44 <u>1,137 85</u> <u>3,608 2,34</u>	[IAS 32.94(k)]	Total interest revenue	2,315	1,304
Other (aggregate of immaterial items) $540$ $44$ $3,608$ $2,34$ Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:Year endedYear endedYear endedYear ended $31/12/06$ $31/12$ CU'000CU'00Available-for-sale financial assets $310$ Loans and receivables $1,716$ Held-to-maturity investments $445$ $445$ $44$ Investment income earned on non-financial assets $2,471$ $3,608$ $2,38$	AS 18.35(b)	Royalties	579	428
3,608       2,33         Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Year ended       Year ended         31/12/06       31/12         CU'000       CU'0         Available-for-sale financial assets       310       30         Loans and receivables       1,716       74         Held-to-maturity investments       445       445         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       3,608       2,33	AS 18.35(b)	Dividends received	156	154
Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category of asset, is as follows:         Year ended       Year ended         31/12/06       31/12         CU'000       CU'00         Available-for-sale financial assets       310       30         Loans and receivables       1,716       74         Held-to-maturity investments       2,471       1,44         Investment income earned on non-financial assets       3,608       2,33		Other (aggregate of immaterial items)	540	451
Year ended $31/12/06$ Year ended $31/12/06$ Year ended $31/12/06$ Available-for-sale financial assets Loans and receivables Held-to-maturity investments310301,716744454454451nvestment income earned on non-financial assets2,4711,483,6082,38			3,608	2,351
31/12/06 $31/12/06$ $31/12/06$ $31/12$ $CU'000$ $CU'000$ Available-for-sale financial assets $310$ Loans and receivables $1,716$ Held-to-maturity investments $445$ Held-to-maturity investments $2,471$ Investment income earned on non-financial assets $2,471$ $1,137$ $89$ $3,608$ $2,38$		Investment revenue earned on financial assets, analysed by category	of asset, is as follo	ows:
CU'000CU'0Available-for-sale financial assets Loans and receivables Held-to-maturity investments310301,716741,716742,4711,45441,137893,6082,35			Year ended	Year ended
Available-for-sale financial assets Loans and receivables $310$ $1,716$ $74$ Held-to-maturity investments $310$ $445$ $3608$ Investment income earned on non-financial assets $2,471$ $1,137$ $1,48$ $3,608$ $3,608$ $2,38$				31/12/05
Loans and receivables1,71674Held-to-maturity investments445445Investment income earned on non-financial assets2,4711,483,6082,38			0000	
Held-to-maturity investments445445Investment income earned on non-financial assets2,4711,453,6082,35				302
2,4711,45Investment income earned on non-financial assets1,1373,6082,35				746 410
Investment income earned on non-financial assets 1,137 89 3,608 2,39		There to maturity investments		10
3,608 2,35		la sector estre estre estre a sector de la sector		1,458
		investment income earned on non-linancial assets	1,137	893
Revenue recognised in respect of financial assets at FVTPL is disclosed in note 8.			3,608	2,351
		Revenue recognised in respect of financial assets at FVTPL is disclos	ed in note 8.	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	8. Other gains and losses		
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
	Continuing operations		
IAS 1.87(c)	Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6	67
IAS 1.87(d)	Gain/(loss) on disposal of investments	-	-
IAS 20.39(b)	Government grants received for staff re-training	731	979
	Net foreign exchange gains/(losses) (i)	114	(117)
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(f)]	Change in fair value of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
IFRS 7.20(a)	Change in fair value of financial assets classified as held for trading	-	-
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(f)]	Change in fair value of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
IFRS 7.20(a)	Change in fair value of financial liabilities classified as held for trading	-	-
IAS 40.76(d)	Change in fair value of investment property	(6)	8
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Recycling of gain/(loss) from equity on disposal of investments classified as available-for-sale	-	-
	Other	89	68
		934	1,005
IAS 21.52(a)	<ul> <li>(i) Net exchange losses in the year amounted to CU144,000 (2005: e of which net losses of CU114,000 (2005: net gains of CU117,000) operations (see above), and net losses of CU30,000 (net losses of discontinued operations (see note 11).</li> </ul>	are attributable CU49,000) are	e to continuing attributable to
	No other gains or losses have been recognised in respect of loans and re investments, other than as disclosed in note 7 and impairment losses re of trade receivables (see note 13 and note 25).		

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	9. Finance costs		
		Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
		CU'000	CU'000
	Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest on obligations under finance leases Dividends on cumulative preference shares classified as financial liabilities (note 32)	4,412 75 613	6,186 54 -
	Interest on convertible notes	110	-
	Interest on perpetual notes Other interest expense	52 25	-
IFRS 7.20(b)			0.040
[IAS 32.94(k)] IAS 23.29(b)	Total interest expense Less: amounts included in the cost of qualifying assets	5,287 (11)	6,240 (27)
			\$ <i>1</i>
		5,276	6,213
IFRS 7.24(a)	Loss/(gain) arising on derivatives in a designated fair value hedge accounting relationship (Gain)/loss arising on adjustment for hedged item in a designated fair value hedge accounting relationship	5	-
IFRS 7.24(a)		(5)	-
FRS 7.23(d)	Fair value gains transferred from equity on interest rate swaps		-
FRS 5.17	designated as cash flow hedges of floating rate debt Unwinding of discounts on provisions Unwinding of discount on costs to sell non-current assets classified as	(120) 28	(86) 30
	held for sale Other finance costs	-	-
		5,184	6,157
		-, -	-, -
	Attributable to: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	5,034 150	6,023 134
		E 101	6 157
		5,184	6,157
IAS 23.29(c)	The weighted average capitalisation rate on funds borrowed generally is per annum).	8.0% per annu	m (2005: 7.8%

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	10. Income taxes		
	Income tax recognised in profit or loss	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
IAS 12.79	Tax expense/(income) comprises: Current tax expense/(income) Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation to the current tax of prior years Deferred tax expense/(income) relating to the origination and reversal	CU'000 12,973 -	CU'000 14,347 -
	of temporary differences Deferred tax recycled from equity to income	1,643 (150)	538 (86)
	Effect of changes in tax rates and laws Write-downs (reversals of previous write-downs) of deferred tax assets Tax expense/(income) associated with changes in accounting policies that cannot be accounted for retrospectively	1,493 - - -	452
	Total tax expense/(income)	14,466	14,799
	Attributable to: Continuing operations Discontinued operations (note 11)	11,306 3,160	11,801 2,998
		14,466	14,799
IAS 12.81(c)	The total charge for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as	follows:	
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
	Profit from continuing operations Profit from discontinued operations	31/12/06	31/12/05
		31/12/06 CU'000 29,548	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138
	Profit from discontinued operations	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993
	Profit from discontinued operations Profit from operations Income tax expense calculated at 30% Effect of revenue that is exempt from taxation Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances) Impairment losses on goodwill that are not deductible	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470 41,018	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993 45,131
	Profit from discontinued operations Profit from operations Income tax expense calculated at 30% Effect of revenue that is exempt from taxation Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances) Impairment losses on goodwill that are not deductible Effect of changes in the expected manner of recovery of assets Effect of revaluations of assets for taxation purposes Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470 41,018 12,305 - 2,231 (75)	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993 45,131 13,539 - 1,326
IAS 12.81(d)	Profit from discontinued operations Profit from operations Income tax expense calculated at 30% Effect of revenue that is exempt from taxation Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances) Impairment losses on goodwill that are not deductible Effect of changes in the expected manner of recovery of assets Effect of revaluations of assets for taxation purposes Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470 41,018 12,305 - 2,231 (75)	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993 45,131 13,539 - 1,326
IAS 12.81(d)	Profit from discontinued operations Profit from operations Income tax expense calculated at 30% Effect of revenue that is exempt from taxation Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances) Impairment losses on goodwill that are not deductible Effect of changes in the expected manner of recovery of assets Effect of revaluations of assets for taxation purposes Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets Effect of previously unrecognised and unused tax losses and tax offsets now recognised deferred tax assets Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions Effect on deferred tax balances due to the change in income tax rate	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470 41,018 12,305 - 2,231 (75)	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993 45,131 13,539 - 1,326
IAS 12.81(d)	<ul> <li>Profit from discontinued operations</li> <li>Profit from operations</li> <li>Income tax expense calculated at 30%</li> <li>Effect of revenue that is exempt from taxation</li> <li>Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit</li> <li>Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances)</li> <li>Impairment losses on goodwill that are not deductible</li> <li>Effect of revaluations of assets for taxation purposes</li> <li>Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets</li> <li>Effect of previously unrecognised and unused tax losses and tax offsets now recognised deferred tax assets</li> <li>Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions</li> <li>Effect on deferred tax balances due to the change in income tax rate from xx% to xx% (effective [insert date])</li> </ul>	31/12/06 CU'000 29,548 11,470 41,018 12,305 - 2,231 (75) 5 - - - - - - - - -	31/12/05 CU'000 32,138 12,993 45,131 13,539 - 1,326 (66) - - - - - - - - -

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
IAS 12.81(c)	The tax rate used for the 2006 and 2005 reconciliations above is the payable by corporate entities in A Land on taxable profits under tax law in		
IAS 12.81(a)	Income tax recognised directly in equity		
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
	Current tax Share-issue expenses Share buy-back expenses	(1) (8)	-
		(9)	-
	Deferred tax Arising on income and expense taken directly to equity: Property revaluations Translation of foreign operations Revaluations of financial instruments treated as cash flow hedges Revaluations of available-for-sale financial assets Actuarial movements on defined benefit plans Equity accounting adjustments	22 131 28 -	493 36 95 24 - -
		181	648
	Transfers to profit or loss: Transfer to profit or loss from equity on cash flow hedges Transfer to profit or loss on disposal of a foreign operation	(114) (36)	:
	Arising on transactions with equity participants Initial recognition of the equity component of compound financial instruments Share issue and buy-back expenses deductible over 5 years Excess tax deductions related to share-based payments Other [describe]	(150) 242 (75) -	- - - -
		167	-
	Total deferred tax recognised directly in equity	198	648
		189	648
	Current tax assets and liabilities	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Current tax assets Benefit of tax losses able to be carried back to recover taxes paid in prior periods Tax refund receivable Other [describe]	85	60
		85	60
	Current tax liabilities Income tax payable Other [describe]	5,133 -	5,868 -
		5,133	5,868

Source	International GAAP	Holding	s Limited						
	Notes to the consoli for the year ended 3								
	Deferred tax balances								
	Deferred tax assets/(liab	oilities) ari	se from the	e following	g:				
IAS 12.81(a), (g)	2006	Opening balance	Charged to income	Charged to equity	Recycled from equity to income		Exchange differences	in tax rate	Closing balance
	Temporary differences	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
	Cash flow hedges Equity accounted	(119)	-	(131)	114	-	-	-	(136)
	investments Property, plant & equipment	(1,268) (3,221)	(356) (1,532)	-	-	- 517	-	-	(1,624) (4,236)
	Finance leases Intangible assets	(22) (572)	18 214	-	-	-	-	-	(4) (358)
	Available-for-sale financial assets	(226)	_	(28)	_	_	_	_	(254)
	Convertible notes	(220)	9	(242)	-	-	-	-	(233)
	Exchange difference on foreign subsidiary	(14)	-	(22)	36	-	-	-	-
	Provisions Doubtful debts	1,672 251	42 (8)	-	-	- (4)	-	-	1,714 239
	Other financial liabilities Unclaimed share issue and	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	7
	buy-back costs	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	75
	Other [describe]	(181)	(32)	-	-	-	-	-	(213)
	Unused tax losses and credits	(3,695)	(1,643)	(348)	150	513	-	-	(5,023)
	Tax losses Foreign tax credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
		(3,693)	(1,643)	(348)	150	513	-	-	(5,021)
IAS 12.81(a), (g)					Recycled				
	0005	Opening	Charged	Charged to	from equity to	Acquisi- tions/	Exchange	Changes	Closing
	2005	balance CU'000	to income CU'000	equity CU'000	income CU'000	CU'000	differences CU'000	CU'000	balance CU'000
	Temporary differences	(110)		(05)					(110)
	Cash flow hedges Equity accounted	(110) (791)	- (477)	(95)	86	-	-	-	(119) (1,268)
	investments	(2,540)	(188)	(493)	_	_	_	_	(3,221)
	Property, plant & equipment Finance leases	(2,340) (29)	(100)	(493)	-	-	-	-	(3,221)
	Intangible assets	(669)	97	-	-	-	-	-	(572)
	Fair value through profit or loss financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Available-for-sale financial assets	(202)	-	(24)	-	-	-	-	(226)
	Exchange difference on								
	foreign subsidiary Provisions	22 1,692	(20)	(36)	-	-	-	-	(14) 1,672
	Doubtful debts	122	129	-	-	-	-	-	251
	Other financial liabilities	9 (97)	(4) (84)	-	-	-	-	-	5 (181)
	Other [describe]	(97)	(04)			-			(101)
		(2,593)	(540)	(648)	86	-	-	-	(3,695)
	Unused tax losses and other c	redits							
	Tax losses Foreign tax credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
			2	-		-		-	2
		(2,593)	(538)	(648)	86	-	-	-	(3,693)

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	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	Deferred tax balances are presented in the balance sheet as follows:		
		31/12/06	31/12/05
		CU'000	CU'000
	Deferred tax liabilities Directly associated with asset held for sale (note 12)	4,591 430	3,693
		5,021	6,693
	Unrecognised deferred tax assets	0,021	0,000
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
		0000	
AS 12.81(e)	The following deferred tax assets have not been recognised at the balance sheet date:		
	Tax losses – revenue	-	-
	Tax losses – capital	11	11
	Unused tax credits (expires [date])	-	-
	Temporary differences	-	-
		11	11
	The unrecognised tax losses will expire in 2008.		
		nents and inte	prosts
	Unrecognised taxable temporary differences associated with investment	nents and inte	erests
		31/12/06	31/12/05
			erests 31/12/05 CU'000
AS 12.81(f)		31/12/06	31/12/05
S 12.81(f)	Unrecognised taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interests in joint ventures for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised are attributable to the following:	31/12/06	31/12/05
S 12.81(f)	Unrecognised taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interests in joint ventures for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised are attributable to the following: Domestic subsidiaries Foreign subsidiaries	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
S 12.81(f)	Unrecognised taxable temporary differences associated with investments Taxable temporary differences in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interests in joint ventures for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised are attributable to the following: Domestic subsidiaries Foreign subsidiaries Associates and jointly controlled entities	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
S 12.81(f)	Unrecognised taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interests in joint ventures for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised are attributable to the following: Domestic subsidiaries Foreign subsidiaries	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	11. Discontinued operations		
	Disposal of the bicycle business		
IFRS 5.30 IFRS 5.41	On 28 September 2006, the Board of Directors entered into a sale agreem Group's bicycle business. The proceeds of sale substantially exceeded the related net assets and, accordingly, no impairment losses were recognised these operations as held for sale. The disposal of the bicycle business is c long-term policy to focus its activities in the widget and toy manufacturing is completed on 30 November 2006, on which date control of the bicycle bus acquirer. Details of the assets and liabilities disposed of are disclosed in ne	e carrying amo d on the reclas onsistent with ndustries. The iness passed to	unt of the sification of the Group's disposal was
	Plan to dispose of the construction business		
IFRS 5.30 IFRS 5.41	On 30 November 2006, the Board of Directors announced a plan construction business, which involves the construction and renovation of Land. The disposal is consistent with the Group's long-term policy to foce and toy manufacturing industries. The Group is actively seeking a buyer and expects to complete the sale by 31 July 2007. On initial reclassification held for sale, the Group has not recognised any impairment losses.	f residential p us its activities for its construc	roperties in A in the widget ction business
IFRS 5.34	The combined results of the discontinued operations (i.e. the bicycle and included in the income statement are set out below. The comparative discontinued operations have been re-presented to include those discontinued in the current period.	profit and ca	sh flows from
		Year ended	Year ended
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IFRS 5.33(b)	Profit for the year from discontinued operations Revenue Other gains	64,405 30	77,843 49
	Expenses	64,435 (54,905)	77,892 (64,899)
	Profit before tax	9,530	12,993
IAS 12.81(h)	Attributable income tax expense	(2,524)	(2,998)
		7,006	9,995
IAS 12.81(h)	Gain/(loss) on remeasurement to fair value less costs to sell Gain/(loss) on disposal of operation (including CU0.12 million reversal of foreign currency translation reserve on disposal of subsidiary) Attributable income tax expense	- 1,940 (636)	-
	-	1,304	-
	Profit for the year from discontinued operations	8,310	9,995
IFRS 5.33(c)	Cash flows from discontinued operations Net cash flows from operating activities Net cash flows from investing activities Net cash flows from financing activities	6,381 2,767 (5,000)	7,068 - -
	Net cash flows	4,148	7,068
	The construction business has been classified and accounted for at 31 De group held for sale (see note 12)	cember 2006 a	as a disposal

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	12. Non-current assets classified as held for sale		
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Land held for sale (i) Assets related to construction business (ii)	1,260 21,076	-
		22,336	-
	Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale (ii)	3,684	-
IFRS 5.41 IFRS 5.41 IFRS 5.38	<ul> <li>(i) The Group intends to dispose of a parcel of land it no longer utilises property was previously used in the Group's toy operations. A sear No impairment loss was recognised on reclassification of the land December 2006.</li> <li>(ii) As described in note 11, the Group is seeking to dispose of its anticipates that the disposal will be completed by 31 July 2007. The liabilities comprising the operations classified as held for sale at the formation.</li> </ul>	ch is underwa as held for s construction major classes	ay for a buyer. sale nor at 31 business and of assets and
	follows:	31/12/06	31/12/05
	-	CU'000	CU'000
	Goodwill	1,147	-
	Property, plant and equipment	16,944	-
IAS 2.36(c)	Inventories	830	-
	Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	1,980 175	-
	Assets of construction business classified as held for sale	21,076	-
	Trade and other payables	(3,254)	-
	Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	- (430)	-
	Liabilities of construction business associated with assets classified as held for sale	(3,684)	-
	Net assets of construction business classified as held for sale	17,392	-

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	13. Profit for the year		
	Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
IFRS 7.20(e) [IAS 32.94(I)]	Impairment loss (reversed)/recognised on trade receivables (note 25) Impairment loss on available-for-sale equity investments Impairment loss on available-for-sale debt investments	(40)  (40)	430 - - 430
	Depresiation and exaction tion	(+0)	-50
	Depreciation and amortisation		
IAS 36.126(a) IAS 38.118(d) IAS 36.126(a)	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets Impairment of goodwill	12,587 1,204 1,592 15	15,794 - 1,556 -
IAS 1.93	Total depreciation and amortisation expense	15,398	17,350
	Attributable to: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	12,412 2,986	13,878 3,472
		15,398	17,350
IAS 38.126	Research and development costs immediately expensed	502	440
	Employee benefits expense		
IAS 19.46 IAS 19.120A(g)	Post employment benefits (see note 39) Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans	160 586	148 556
		746	704
IFRS 2.50 IFRS 2.51(a) IFRS 2.51(a)	Share-based payments (see note 41) Equity-settled share-based payments Cash-settled share-based payments	206	338
		206	338
IAS 19.142	Termination benefits Other employee benefits	- 13,426	- 14,397
IAS 1.93		14,378	15,439
	Attributable to: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	9,803 4,575	11,655 3,784
		14,378	15,439
IAS 1.86	Costs of CU4.17 million have been recognised during the year in respectation of the goods supplied to one of the Group's major customers, [cost of sales/cost of inventories and employee benefits expense]. estimated cost of work to be carried out in accordance with an agreed structure current period, million carried forward to meet anticipated expenditure in 2007 and 2008	which have been The amount re- chedule of work with a provision	en included in epresents the is up to 2008.

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	14. Earnings per share		
	Note: IAS 33, Earnings Per Share, requires that earnings per share (EF by entities whose ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares are that are in the process of issuing ordinary shares or potentia securities markets. If other entities choose to disclose EPS inform statements that comply with IFRSs, such disclosures should comp of IAS 33.	publicly traded al ordinary sha mation voluntar	, or by entities ares in public rily in financial
		Year ended	Year ended
		31/12/06 Cents per share	31/12/05 Cents per share
	Basic earnings per share		
	From continuing operations	81.7	87.3
IAS 33.68	From discontinued operations	47.7	49.6
	Total basic earnings per share	129.4	136.9
	Diluted earnings per share		
IAS 33.68	From continuing operations From discontinued operations	76.9 44.9	83.2 47.3
	Total diluted earnings per share	121.8	130.5
	Basic earnings per share		
	The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used	in the colouir	ation of basic
	earnings per share are as follows:		
		Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
		CU'000	CU'000
	Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent Other [describe]	22,552	27,569
	Earnings used in the calculation of total basic earnings per share Profit for the year from discontinued operations used in the calculation of	22,552	27,569
	basic earnings per share from discontinued operations Other [describe]	(8,310)	(9,995)
	Earnings used in the calculation of basic earning per share from continuing operations	14,242	17,574
		Year ended 31/12/06 '000	Year ended 31/12/05 '000
		000	000
IAS 33.70(b)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share (all measures)	17,432	21,130

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limi	ted					
	Notes to the consolidated financia for the year ended 31 December 2						
	Diluted earnings per share						
IAS 33.70(a)	The earnings used in the calculation of a for the equivalent basic earnings per sha				ame as those		
IAS 33.70(b)	The weighted average number of ordiner reconciles to the weighted average n earnings per share as follows:						
				Year ended 31/12/06 '000	Year ended 31/12/05 '000		
				000	000		
	Weighted average number of ordinary sh basic earnings per share Shares deemed to be issued for no cons			17,432	20,130		
	Employee options			161	85		
	Partly-paid ordinary shares Convertible notes			923	900		
	Other [describe]	Other [describe] Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of					
	Weighted average number of ordinary sh diluted earnings per share (all measu		e calculation of	18,516	21,115		
IAS 33.70(c)	The following potential ordinary shares are not dilutive and are therefore excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share:						
					Year ended		
				<u>31/12/06</u> '000	<u>31/12/05</u> '000		
	Convertible notes Other [describe]			4,500	-		
				4,500	-		
	Impact of changes in accounting poli	cies					
IAS 8.28(f)	Changes in the Group's accounting pole extent that those changes have had an an impact on the amounts reported for e	impact on resu	Its reported for 2				
	The following table summarises that impact on both basic and diluted earnings per share:						
	The following table summarises that imp	act on both bas	ic and diluted ea	go por oriaro	:		
		Impact of earnings	on basic	Impact o	: per share Year ended 31/12/05 Cents per share		
	Limitation of ability to designate financial assets and financial liabilities as at 'fair value through profit or loss' Recognition of financial guarantee contracts	Impact of earnings Year ended 31/12/06 Cents per	on basic per share Year ended 31/12/05 Cents per	Impact o earnings Year ended 31/12/06 Cents per	n diluted per share Year ended 31/12/05 Cents per		
	Limitation of ability to designate financial assets and financial liabilities as at 'fair value through profit or loss' Recognition of financial guarantee	Impact of earnings Year ended 31/12/06 Cents per share (0.05)	on basic per share Year ended 31/12/05 Cents per share (0.02)	Impact o earnings Year ended 31/12/06 Cents per share (0.04)	n diluted per share Year ended 31/12/05 Cents per share (0.02)		

Source	International GAAP Ho Notes to the consolida	ited financ	ial stateme				
	for the year ended 31 l			tinued			
	15. Property, plant an	a equipmer	π				
AS 16.73(a) AS 16.73(d),(e)		Freehold land at fair value CU'000	Buildings at fair value CU'000	Leasehold improve- ments at cost CU'000	Plant and equipment at cost CU'000	Equipment under finance lease at cost CU'000	Total CU'000
	Cost or valuation	00 000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00 000
	Balance at 1 January 2005 Additions Disposals	14,750 - -	13,666 1,205 -	306 - -	156,534 10,657 (27,286)	630 40 -	185,886 11,902 (27,286)
	Acquisitions through business combinations	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Reclassified as held for sale Revaluation increase	- 1,608	- 37	-	-	-	- 1,645
	Net foreign currency exchange	1,000		-	-	-	1,040
	differences Other [describe]	-	-	-	-	-	
	Balance at 1 January 2006 Additions	16,358 -	14,908	306	139,905 22,983	670	172,147 22,983
	Disposals Acquisitions through business	(1,530)	(1,184)	(16)	(19,147)	(624)	(22,501)
	combinations Reclassified as held for sale Revaluation increase/(decrease)	(1,260)	- (1,357) -		454 (20,785)	-	454 (23,402) -
	Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other [describe]	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance at 31 December 2006	13,568	12,367	290	123,410	46	149,681
	Accumulated depreciation and	impairment					
	Balance at 1 January 2005 Eliminated on disposals of	-	(1,521)	(30)	(25,019)	(378)	(26,948)
	assets Eliminated on revaluation Eliminated on reclassification as	-	(2)	-	5,058 -	-	5,058 (2)
	held for sale Impairment losses charged to	-	-	-	-	-	-
S 36.126(b)	profit or loss Reversals of impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-	-
	charged to profit or loss Depreciation expense Net foreign currency exchange	-	(892)	(55)	(14,717)	(130)	(15,794)
	differences Other [describe]	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance at 1 January 2006 Eliminated on disposals of	-	(2,415)	(85)	(34,678)	(508)	(37,686)
	assets Eliminated on revaluation Eliminated on reclassification as	-	102 -	4	5,967 -	500 -	6,573 -
0.00 400(-)	held for sale	-	153	-	6,305	-	6,458
S 36.126(a) S 36.126(b)	Impairment losses charged to profit or loss Reversals of impairment losses	-	-	-	(1,204)	-	(1,204)
	charged to profit or loss Depreciation expense Net foreign currency exchange	-	(721)	(53)	(11,803)	(10)	- (12,587)
	differences Other [describe]	-	-			-	
	Balance at 31 December 2006	-	(2,881)	(134)	(35,413)	(18)	(38,446)
S 17.31(a)	Carrying amount						
	As at 31 December 2005	16,358	12,493	221	105,227	162	134,461
	As at 31 December 2006	13,568	9,486	156			

Total property, plant and equipment held by the Group at 31 December 2006 amounted to CU128.179 million (2005: 134.461 million), comprising the amounts analysed above (2006: CU111.235 million; 2005: CU134.461 million) and assets classified as held for sale (2006: CU16.944 million; 2005: nil).

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited	ł			
	Notes to the consolidated financial s for the year ended 31 December 2000				
IAS 36.130(a) to (g)	During the period, the Group carried out a r and equipment, having regard to its ongoin product lines. These assets are used in recognition of an impairment loss of CU1.0 recoverable amount of the relevant assets h discount rate used in measuring value in u recoverable amount of these assets was pro-	g programme of modernisation the Group's widgets segme 09 million, that has been reco nas been determined on the ba use was 9% per annum. The c	and the introc ent. The revie gnised in prof sis of their val liscount rate u	duction of new ew led to the it or loss. The ue in use. The used when the	
IAS 36.131	Additional impairment losses recognised amounted to CU0.114 million. These losses				
IAS 36.126(a)	The impairment losses have been included cost of sales] in the income statement.	d in the line item [depreciation	and amortisa	tion expense /	
IAS 16.73(c)	The following useful lives are used in the ca	alculation of depreciation:			
	Leasehold improvements Plant and equipment	20 – 30 years 5 – 7 years 5 – 15 years 5 years			
	Freehold land and buildings carried at fa	ir value			
IAS 16.77(a) to (d)	An independent valuation of the Group's land and buildings was performed by Messrs R & P determine the fair value of the land and buildings. The valuation, which conforms to Inter Valuation Standards, was determined by reference to discounted cash flows using a discount 10%. The effective date of the valuation is 31 December 2006 (2005: 31 December 2005).				
IAS 16.77(e)	Had the Group's land and buildings (othe included in a disposal group) been measur have been as follows:				
		-	31/12/06 CU000	31/12/05 CU000	
	Freehold land Buildings		11,957 9,455	14,750 12,460	

	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	16. Investment property	2006	2005
AS 40.76	At fair value	CU'000	CU'000
	Balance at beginning of year	132	112
	Additions through subsequent expenditure Acquisitions through business combinations	10	12 -
	Other acquisitions	-	-
	Disposals Property reclassified as held for sale	-	-
	Net (loss)/gain from fair value adjustments	(6)	8
	Net foreign currency exchange differences Transfers	-	-
	Other changes		-
	Balance at end of year	136	132
	All of the Group's investment property is held under freehold interest	sts.	

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
	Notes to the consolidated financial stateme for the year ended 31 December 2006 – con			
	17. Goodwill			
		-	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
IFRS 3.74,75	Cost			
	Balance at beginning of year Additional amounts recognised from business comb during the year	inations occurring	24,060 435	24,060
	Reduction arising from realisation of deferred tax as recognised	sets not previously	-	-
	Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary Reclassified as held for sale		(3,080) (1,147)	-
	Effects of foreign currency exchange differences Other [describe]	_	-	-
	Balance at end of year	-	20,268	24,060
	Accumulated impairment losses			
	Balance at beginning of year Impairment losses recognised in the year		- (15)	-
	Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary		-	-
	Classified as held for sale Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	_	-	-
	Balance at end of year	-	(15)	-
	Carrying amount			
	At the beginning of the year	-	24,060	24,060
	At the end of the year	-	20,253	24,060
	Total goodwill held by the Group at 31 E (2005: 24.06 million), comprising the amoun 2005: CU24.06 million) and goodwill classified as he	ts analysed above	(2006: CU20	.253 million;
IFRS 3.76 IAS 36.130	During the financial year, the Group assessed the that goodwill associated with the Group's toy oper- recoverable amount of the toy operations was as factor of 10% per annum (2005: 10% per annum) w	ations was impaired by sessed by reference to	CU15,000 (2 o value in use	005: nil). The
	The main factor contributing to the impairment of th newer product ranges to contribute to sales to the down of the carrying amounts of other assets in the is included in the 'toy' reportable segment disclosed	extent that product testi cash-generating unit w	ng had predic	ted. No write-
	Allocation of goodwill to cash-generating units			
IAS 36.134, 135	Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing and to five groups of cash-generating units, as follo		idual cash-gei	nerating units
	Individual cash-generating units	Groups of cash-genera	<u>iting units</u>	
	<ul> <li>Construction operations – A Land</li> <li>Widget operations in B Land</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Widget operations</li> <li>Bicycle operations</li> <li>Toy operations - g</li> <li>Widget operations</li> <li>Other operations -</li> </ul>	– global Jlobal – global	red in 2006)
53	l			

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued						
ne global widget cash-generating units, cash-generating units is significant in co arrying amount of goodwill allocated to ble amounts of the widget operations in l assumptions, and the aggregate carryin	mparison with o other cash- B Land and C					
<u>31/12/06</u> CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000					
7,000 8,500 - 4,333 - 435	7,000 8,500 3,080 4,333 1,147					
20,268	24,060					
of the same key assumptions. The recover sed on a value in use calculation which used by management covering a five-year er annum). for both cash-generating units are also	erable amount ises cash flow period, and a based on the					
's beyond that five year period have been his growth rate exceeds by 0.5 percenta onal widgets market. However, manager ow, that this rate is reasonable. Manage y assumptions on which recoverable am	n extrapolated age points the nent believes, ment believes ount is based					
ased on financial budgets approved by te of 10% per annum (2005: 10% per a trapolated using a steady 11% per annur e points the long-term average growth o ther factors, the widgets operations on its Series Z widgets, granted in 2002 models in the market. Management be the light of that patent, and of other f focusing its operations in this industry. In the key assumptions on which recovera	management annum). Cash m growth rate. - global units e, which is still lieves that an widget-related Management able amount is					
	assumptions, and the aggregate carrying e carrying amount of goodwill (other generating units that are significant ind $\frac{31/12/06}{CU'000}$ 7,000 8,500 - 4,333 - 435					

International GAAP Holdin	gs Limited
Notes to the consolidated for the year ended 31 Dece	
<u>Toy operations – global</u>	
calculation which uses cash flo covering a five-year period, an flows beyond that five year perior This growth rate does not exce operations – global units opera	e toy operations – global units is determined based on a value in use ow projections based on financial budgets approved by management ad a discount rate of 10% per annum (2005: 10% per annum). Cash iod have been extrapolated using a steady 8% per annum growth rate. beed the long-term average growth rate for the market in which the toy te. Management believes that any reasonably possible further change ch recoverable amount is based would not cause the toy operations – ed its recoverable amount.
The key assumptions used in th follows:	e value in use calculations for the widget and toy operations are as
Budgeted market share	Average market share in the period immediately before the budget period, plus a growth of 1-2% of market share per year. The values assigned to the assumption reflects past experience, except for the growth factor, which is consistent with management plans for focusing operations in the widget and toy industries. Management believes that the planned market share growth per year for the next five years is reasonably achievable
Budgeted gross margin	Average gross margins achieved in the period immediately before the budget period, increased for expected efficiency improvements. This reflects past experience, except for efficiency improvements. Management expects efficiency improvements of 3-5% per year to be reasonably achievable.
Raw materials price inflation	Forecast consumer price indices during the budget period for the countries from which raw materials are purchased. The values assigned to the key assumption are consistent with external sources of information.
	Notes to the consolidated for the year ended 31 Dece Toy operations – global The recoverable amount of the calculation which uses cash file covering a five-year period, an flows beyond that five year peri This growth rate does not exce operations – global units opera in the key assumptions on whic global carrying amount to excee The key assumptions used in th follows: Budgeted market share Budgeted gross margin

ource	International GAAP Holdings Lim Notes to the consolidated financi for the year ended 31 December 3	al statemen				
	18. Other intangible assets	Capitalised develop-				
		ment CU'000	Patents CU'000	Trademarks CU'000	Licences CU'000	Total CU'00
S 38.118(c),(e)	Cost					
	Balance at 1 January 2005	3,230	5,825	4,711	6,940	20,706
	Additions Additions from internal developments	- 358	-	-	-	- 358
	Additions from internal developments Acquisitions through business combinations	-	-	-	-	- 300
	Disposals or classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-
	Net foreign currency exchange differences Other [describe]	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance at 1 January 2006	3,588	5,825	4,711	6,940	21,064
	Additions Additions from internal developments	- 6	-	-	-	- 6
	Acquisitions through business combinations	C C				Ū
	Disposals or classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-
	Net foreign currency exchange differences Other [describe]	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance at 31 December 2006	3,594	5,825	4,711	6,940	21,070
	Accumulated amortisation and impairme	nt				
	Balance at 1 January 2005	(1,000)	(874)	(3,533)	(2,776)	(8,183)
	Amortisation expense	(682)	(291)	(236)	(347)	(1,556)
S 36.130(b)	Disposals or classified as held for sale Impairment losses charged to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
S 36.130(b)	Reversals of impairment losses charged to					
S 38.118(e)	profit or loss Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-
5 50.1 10(e)	Other [describe]		-	-	-	_
	Balance at 1 January 2006	(1,682)	(1,165)	(3,769)	(3,123)	(9,739
	Amortisation expense	(718)	(291)	(236)	(347)	(1,592
S 36.130(b)	Disposals or classified as held for sale Impairment losses charged to profit	-	-	-	-	-
S 36.130(b)	Reversals of impairment losses charged to					
	profit Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-
	Other [describe]		-	-	-	_
	Balance at 31 December 2006	(2,400)	(1,456)	(4,005)	(3,470)	(11,331
	Carrying amount					
	As at 31 December 2005	1,906	4,660	942	3,817	11,325
	As at 31 December 2006	1,194	4,369	706	3,470	9,739

in the income statement. / Of the amortisation charge for the year, CU1.03 million (2005: CU0.98 million) has been included in marketing expenses and the remainder in other expenses.]

Source	International G	AAP Holdings Lir	nited				
		nsolidated financ led 31 December		ied			
IAS 38.118(a)	The following usef	ul lives are used in t	he calculation of a	amortisation:			
	Capitalised develo Patents Trademarks Licences	pment	5 years 10 – 20 year 20 years 20 years	S			
	Significant intang	yible assets					
IAS 38.122(b)	The Group holds a patent for the manufacture of its Series Z widgets. The carrying amount of the patent of CU2.25 million (2005: CU2.4 million) will be fully amortised in 15 years (2005: 16 years).						
	19. Subsidiarie	es pany's subsidiaries	at 31 December 3	2006 are as follo	1M/C.		
	Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation (or registration) and operation	Proportion of ownership interest %	Proportion of voting power held %	Principal activity		
	Subone Limited	A Land	100	100	Manufacture of widgets		
	Subtwo Limited	A Land	45	45	Manufacture of toys		
	Subthree Limited	A Land	100	100	Construction of residential properties		
	Subfour Limited	B Land	70	70	Manufacture of widgets		
	Subfive Limited	C Land	100	100	Manufacture of widgets		
	Subsix Limited	A Land	100	100	Financial		
	Subseven Limited	A Land	100	100	Distribution		
IAS 27.40(c)	consequently it do to appoint and ren	es not control more nove the majority of	than half of the the board of dire	oting power of ctors and control	hares of Subtwo Limited, and those shares, it has the power of of the entity is by the board. consolidated in these financial		

IAS 28.37(a)	20. Investmen	d 31 December 20 ts in associates 's associates are as fo		I						
IAS 28.37(a)	Details of the Group		ollows:							
IAS 28.37(a)		's associates are as fo	ollows:							
	Name of associate		Details of the Group's associates are as follows:							
	Name of associate		_	Ownershi	p interest	Publish	ed fair value			
		Principal activity	Place of incorporation and operation	2006 %	2005 %	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000			
	A Plus Limited (i)	Transport	M Land	35	35	2,231	2,069			
	B Plus Limited (ii)	Steel manufacturing	A Land	17	17	_,	_,000			
	C Plus Limited	Finance	A Land	40	40	-	-			
	D Plus Limited (iii)	Transport	R Land	35	25	-	-			
		shareholder agreementer agreementer shareholder agreementer agreementer agreementer agreementer share agreemente agreementer agr		/ has the	ight to cast	37% of	the votes a			
AS 28.37(c)	than 20% of	Group holds less than the voting power in rirtue of its contractua	n shareholder m	eetings, t	he Group e	exercise	s significan			
AS 28.37(e)	established w permitted in R statements of have been us	date of D Plus Lim when that company v Land. For the purpose D Plus Limited for the ed, and appropriate	vas incorporated se of applying the he year ended 3	, and a c equity me	hange of re thod of acco	eporting	date is not			
	Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:									
AS 28.37(b)	Summarised financia		31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe	effects ( er 2005).	ctober 2005) of significant			
AS 28.37(b)	Summarised financia		31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe s is set out b	effects ( er 2005). elow:	ctober 2005) of significant			
AS 28.37(b)	Summarised financia		31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe	effects ( er 2005). elow: 2 <b>/06</b>	ctober 2005) of significant			
AS 28.37(b)			31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe 33 is set out b 31/12 CU'0	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000	ctober 2005) of significant <u>31/12/05</u> CU'000			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets		31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe 33 is set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32	ctober 2005 of significan <u>31/12/05</u> CU'000 38,178			
AS 28.37(b)			31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe 33 is set out b 31/12 CU'0	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32	ctober 2005 of significan <u>31/12/05</u> CU'000			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets		31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe 33 is set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93	effects ( er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48)	ctober 2005) of significant			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets Total liabilities	al information in respe	31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 Decembe 33 is set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93 (14,84	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48) 84	ctober 2005) of significant			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets Total liabilities Net assets	al information in respe	31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 December 31 Set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93 (14,84 28,00 8,42 Year et 31/12	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48) 84 25 84 25 nded 2/06	31/12/05           31/12/05           CU'000           38,178           (12,218)           25,960           7,269           Year endeo           31/12/05			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets Total liabilities Net assets	al information in respe	31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 December 31 Set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93 (14,84 28,00 8,42 Year et	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48) 84 25 84 25 nded 2/06	State         State <th< td=""></th<>			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets Total liabilities Net assets	al information in respe	31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 December 31 Set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93 (14,84 28,00 8,42 Year et 31/12	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48) 84 25 84 25 nded 2/06 00	31/12/05           38,178           (12,218)           25,960           7,269           Year ender           31/12/05			
AS 28.37(b)	Total assets Total liabilities Net assets Group's share of ass	al information in respe	31 December 20	e been ma 06 (2005: 3	ade for the 31 December 31 December 31 Set out b 31/12 CU'0 42,93 (14,84 28,05 8,42 Year et 31/12 CU'0	effects of er 2005). elow: 2/06 000 32 48) 84 25 84 25 000 54	31/12/05           CU'000           38,178           (12,218)           25,960           7,269           Year ended           31/12/05           CU'000			

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited				
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued				
	21. Joint ventures				
IAS 31.56	The Group has the following significant interests in joint ventures:				
	<ul> <li>(a) a 25 per cent share in the ownership of a property located in Cent is entitled to a proportionate share of the rental income received an of the outgoings; and</li> </ul>				
	(b) a 33.5 per cent equity shareholding with equivalent voting power joint venture established in C Land.	r in JV Electro	nics Limited, a		
IAS 31.56	The following amounts are included in the Group financial statements as a result of the proportionate consolidation of JV Electronics Limited:				
		31/12/06	31/12/05		
		CU'000	CU'000		
	Current assets	1,800	1,850		
	Non-current assets	8,993	9,854		
	Current liabilities	936	785		
	Non-current liabilities	5,858	5,521		
		Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05		
		CU'000	CU'000		
	Income	2,124	2,005		
	Expenses	1,787	1,763		

Source	International GAAP Holdings Lir	nited			
	Notes to the consolidated finance for the year ended 31 December				
IFRS 7.7	22. Other financial assets				
			rent		current
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IFRS 7.7	Derivatives designated and effective as hedging instruments carried at fair value				
	Foreign currency forward contracts	244	220	-	-
	Interest rate swaps	72	37	212	140
		316	257	212	140
IFRS 7.8(a)	Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	)			
	Non-derivative financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss Held for trading derivatives that are not designated in hedge accounting	-	-	-	-
	relationships Held for trading non-derivatives	-	-	-	-
		_	_		-
IFRS 7.8(b)	Held-to-maturity investments carried at amortised cost				
	Bills of exchange (i) Debentures (ii)	4,304 500	3,604	2,059	1,658 -
		4,804	3,604	2,059	1,658
FRS 7.8(d)	Available-for-sale investments carried at fair value				
	Redeemable notes (iii)	-	-	2,200	2,122
	Shares (iv)	-	-	5,940	5,736
		-	-	8,140	7,858
FRS 7.8(f)	Loans carried at amortised cost				
	Loans to related parties (v) Loans to other entities	3,637 -	3,088	-	-
		3,637	3,088		-
	Total	8,757	6,949	10,411	9,656

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited				
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued				
IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]	(i) The Group holds bills of exchange returning a variable rate of interest. The weighted average interest rate on these securities is 7.10% per annum (2005: 7.0% per annum). The bills have maturity dates ranging between 3 to 18 months from the balance sheet date.				
	(ii) The debentures return interest of 6% per annum payable monthly, and mature in March 2007.				
	(iii) The Group holds listed redeemable notes returning 7% per annum. The notes are redeemable at par value in 2009.				
IAS 28.37(d)	(iv) The Group holds 20% (2005: 20%) of the ordinary share capital of Rocket Corp Limited, a company involved in the refining and distribution of fuel products. The directors of the Group do not believe that the Group is able to exert significant influence over Rocket Corp Limited as the other 80% of the ordinary share capital is controlled by one shareholder, who also manages the day-to-day operations of that company.				
IAS 24.17(b)	(v) The Group has provided several of its key management personnel and a joint venture entity with short-term loans at rates comparable to the average commercial rate of interest. Further information about these loans is contained in note 42.				
IAS 1.74	23. Other assets				
	Current Non-current				
	<u>31/12/06 31/12/05 31/12/06 31/12/05</u> CU'000 CU'000 CU'000 CU'000				
	Prepayments				
	Other [describe]         -				
	<u> </u>				
IAS 2.36(b)	24. Inventories				
	<u>31/12/06 31/12/05</u> CU'000 CU'000				
	Raw materials         9,142         10,322           Work in progress         4,490         4,354				
	Finished goods <u>17,732 15,566</u>				
	Classified as part of a disposal group held for sale (note 12) 31,364 30,242 830 -				
	32,194 30,242				
IAS 2.36(d)	The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the period, in respect of both continuing and discontinued operations, was CU127.38 million (2005: CU139.86 million).				
IAS 2.36(e),(f),(g)	The cost of inventories recognised as an expense includes CU2.34 million (2005: CU1.86 million) in respect of write-downs of inventory to net realisable value, and has been reduced by CU0.5 million (2005: CU0.4 million) in respect of the reversal of such write-downs. Previous write-downs have been reversed as a result of increased sales prices in certain markets.				
IAS 1.52	Inventories of CU1.29 million (2005: CU0.86 million) are expected to be recovered after more than twelve months.				

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	25. Trade and other receivables		
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Trade receivables Allowance for doubtful debts	18,034 (798)	16,880 (838)
		17,236	16,042
	Deferred sales proceeds (note 44) Operating lease receivable	960	-
IAS 11.42(a)	Amounts due from customers under construction contracts (note 28) Other [describe]	240 54	230 20
		18,490	16,292
	Total trade receivables (net of allowances) held by the Group at 31 CU19.216 million (2005: 16.042 million), comprising the (2006: CU17.236 million; 2005: CU16.042 million) and trade receivable (2006: CU1.98 million; 2005: nil).	amount prese	ented above
IFRS 7.36(c),37 [IAS 32.60(a)]	The average credit period on sales of goods is 60 days. No inter- receivables for the first 60 days from the date of the invoice. Thereafter, annum on the outstanding balance. The Group has provided fully for a because historical experience is such that receivables that are past generally not recoverable. Trade receivables between 60 days and 120 on estimated irrecoverable amounts from the sale of goods, determined experience.	interest is char all receivables of due beyond days are provi	ged at 2% per over 120 days 120 days are ded for based
IFRS 7.36(c)	Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an external credit potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. to customers are reviewed twice a year. 80% of the trade receivables impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the external cred Group. There is no customer who represents more than 5% of the total b	Limits and sco that are neither lit scoring syste	ring attributed past due nor m used by the
IFRS 7.36(c),37	Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a million (2005: CU1.033 million) which are past due at the reporting date provided as there has not been a significant change in credit qualit considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over the age of these receivables is 84 days (2005: 85 days).	for which the ( and the ame	Group has not ounts are still
IFRS 7.16	Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts		
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
	Balance at beginning of the year Amounts written off during the year Amounts recovered during the year	838 - -	464 (32) (24)
IFRS 7.20(e) [IAS 32.94(l)]	Increase/(decrease) in allowance recognised in profit or loss	(40)	430
	Balance at end of the year	798	838
IFRS 7.33(a), (b)	In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable the Group consid- quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being larg the directors believe that there is no further credit provision required in doubtful debts.	up to the repor	ting date. The d. Accordingly,

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Source	International GAAP Holdings Lin	nited			
	Notes to the consolidated finance for the year ended 31 December				
IFRS 7.37(b)	Included in the allowance for doubtful of (2005:CU52,000) which have been platthe difference between the carrying and the expected liquidation proceeds.	aced under liqu	idation. The impa	airment recognis	ed represents
	Derecognition of financial assets				
IFRS 7.13 [IAS 32.94(a)]	During the period, the Group transfer unrelated entity. As part of the transfer expected losses of those receivables. amount of the receivables and has borrowing (see note 32). At the repor receivables is CU0.946 million. The car	, the Group pro Accordingly, the recognised the rting date, the	vided the transfer e Group continue cash received of carrying amount	ee a credit guar s to recognise th on the transfer of the transfer	antee over the ne full carrying as a secured red short-term
	26. Finance lease receivables				
	Leasing arrangements				
IAS 17.47(f) IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]	The Group enters into finance leasing leases are denominated in Currency 4 years.				
	Amounts receivable under finance le	eases		P	
IAS 17.47(a)			se payments	lease pa	e of minimum ayments
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	282 1,074	279 909	198 830	188 717
		1,356	1188	1,028	905
IAS 17.47(b)	Less unearned finance income Present value of minimum lease	(328)	(283)	n/a	n/a
IAS 17.47(d)	payments Allowance for uncollectible lease	1,028	905	1,028	905
	payments	-	-	-	-
		1,028	905	1,028	905
	Included in the financial statements as:			400	400
	Current finance lease receivables Non-current finance lease receivables			198 830	188 717
				1,028	905
IAS 17.47(c)	Unguaranteed residual values of asse estimated at CU37,000 (2004: CU42,00		r finance leases	at the balance s	sheet date are
IFRS 7.7 IAS 32.67	The interest rate inherent in the lease average effective interest rate contracte				

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	27. Assets pledged as security		
	Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secu (see note 32):	re borrowings	of the Group
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 16.74(a) IFRS 7.14	Freehold land and buildings Trade receivables	23,054 946	28,851 -
	_	24,000	28,851
IFRS 7.14	In addition, the Group's obligations under finance leases (see note 38) are to the leased assets, which have a carrying amount of CU70,000 (2005: C		ne lessors' title
	28. Construction contracts		
	Contracts in progress at the balance sheet date:		
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 11.40(a)	Construction costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date Less: progress billings	1,517 (1,313)	1,386 (1,171)
		204	215
	Recognised and included in the financial statements as amounts due:		
IAS 11.42(a) IAS 11.42(b)	From customers under construction contracts (note 25) To customers under construction contracts (note 37)	240 (36)	230 (15)
	-	204	215
IAS 11.40(b),(c)	At 31 December 2006, retentions held by customers for contract w (2005: CU69,000). Advances received from customers for contract w (2005: nil).	work amount ork amounted	to CU75,000 to CU14,000

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limi	ted			
	Notes to the consolidated financia for the year ended 31 December 2				
	29. Issued capital				
			capital		premium
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	<u>31/12/05</u> CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 1.76(a) IAS 1.76(a)	14,844,000 fully paid ordinary shares (2005: 20,130,000) 2,500,000 partly paid ordinary shares	14,844	20,130	14,625	25,667
IAS 1.76(a)	(2005: 2,500,000) 1,200,000 fully paid 10% converting	1,775	1,775	-	-
	non-participating preference shares (2005: 1,100,000)	1,200	1,100	(5)	-
	-	17,819	23,005	14,620	25,667
			Number of shares	Share capital	Share premium
			·000	CU'000	CU'000
IAS 1.76(a)	Fully paid ordinary shares				
IAS 1.97(a)	Balance at 1 January 2005 and 1 Januar Issue of shares under employee share o		20,130	20,130	25,667
	(note 41)	ption plan	314	314	-
	Issue of shares for consulting services Share buy-back		3 (5,603)	3 (5,603)	5 (10,853)
	Share buy-back costs Related income tax		-	-	(277) 83
	Balance at 31 December 2006		14,844	11 011	14,625
	balance at 51 December 2000		14,044	14,844	14,020
	Fully paid ordinary shares, which have right to dividends.	a par value o	f CU1, carry one v	ote per share	and carry the
IFRS 2.48	The fair value of shares issued for consu	Iting services	was determined by	reference to t	the market rate
	for similar consulting services.		Number of shares	Share capital	Share premium
			'000	CU'000	CU'000
IAS 1.76(a)	Partly paid ordinary shares				
IAS 1.97(a)	Balance at 1 January 2005 and 1 Januar Movements [describe]	y 2006	2,500	1,775	-
	Balance at 31 December 2006		2,500	1,775	-
	Partly paid ordinary shares, which have a the right to dividends.	a par value of	CU1, carry one vot	e per share bu	ut do not carry

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited			
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continu			
		Number of shares '000	Share capital CU'000	Share premium CU'000
IAS 1.76(a)	Converting non-participating preference shares			
IAS 1.97(a)	Balance at 1 January 2005 and 1 January 2006 Issue of shares Share issue costs Related income tax	1,100 100 - -	1,100 100 - -	- (6) 1
	Balance at 31 December 2006	1,200	1,200	(5)
	Converting non-participating preference shares, which h a discretionary 10% preference dividend before ar shareholders. The converting non-participating preferen one for one basis and are due for conversion on 1 N preference shares have no right to share in any surplus <i>Share options granted under the employee share op</i>	ny dividends are nce shares conve November 2011. ( assets or profits.	declared to rt into ordinar	the ordinary y shares on a
IAS 1.76(a)	As at 31 December 2006, executives and senior employees have options over 196,000 ordinary shares (of which 60,000 are unvested), in aggregate, with 136,000 of those options expiring on 30 March 2007, and the remainder expiring on 28 September 2007. As at 31 December 2005, executives and senior employees had options over 290,000 ordinary shares, in aggregate, with 140,000 of those options expiring 31 March 2006, and the remainder expiring on 29 September 2006.			
	Share options granted under the employee share optivoting rights. Further details of the employee share of financial statements.	ion plan carry no option plan are c	rights to divi ontained in r	dends and no note 41 to the
	Redeemable cumulative preference shares			
	The redeemable cumulative preference shares issued liabilities (see note 32).	d by the Compar	ny have beer	classified as

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
IAS 1.74	30. Reserves		
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	General Properties revaluation Investments revaluation Equity-settled employee benefits Hedging Foreign currency translation Option premium on convertible notes Other [describe]	807 1,198 593 544 317 194 592 -	807 1,201 527 338 278 225 -
		4,245	3,376
		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
IAS 1.97(c)	General reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year Movements [describe]	807	807
	Balance at end of year	807	807
IAS 1.76(b)	The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from policy of regular transfer.	retained profit 2006 CU'000	s. There is no 2005 CU'000
IAS 1.97(c)	Properties revaluation reserve		
IAS 16.77(f) IAS 36.126(c) IAS 36.126(d)	Balance at beginning of year Increase/(decrease) arising on revaluation of properties Impairment losses Reversals of impairment losses Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation Reversal of deferred tax liability on revaluation Transferred to retained earnings Transferred to equity relating to non-current assets classified as held for sale Other [describe] Balance at end of year	1,201 - - - (3) - - - - - - - - - - -	51 1,643 - (493) - - - - 1,201
IAS 1.76(b) IAS 16.77(f)	The properties revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of land and land or buildings are sold, the portion of the properties revaluation reserve and is effectively realised, is transferred directly to retained profits. Distributions from the properties revaluation reserve can be made wher the requirements of the Company's constitution, the Corporations Act and may also be effectively distributed out of the properties revaluation reserve. Generally, there is no restriction on the payment of 'bonus so revaluation reserve. However, the payment of cash distributions out of t terms of the Company's constitution. These restrictions do not apply to retained profits. The directors do not currently intend to make any di revaluation reserve.	erve that relates e they are in ac d relevant case serve as part o shares' out of he reserve is re o any amounts	s to that asset, ccordance with a law. Amounts f a share buy- the properties estricted by the transferred to

	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	-	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
IAS 1.97(c)	Investments revaluation reserve		
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Balance at beginning of year Increase/(decrease) arising on revaluation of financial assets	527 94	470 81
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Cumulative (gain)/loss transferred to the income statement on sale of financial assets	-	-
IFRS 7.20(a) [IAS 32.94(k)]	Cumulative (gain)/loss transferred to the income statement on impairment of financial assets Related income tax	- (28)	- (24)
	Balance at end of year	593	527
IAS 1.76(b)	The investments revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of availa Where a revalued financial asset is sold, the portion of the reserve that m and is effectively realised, is recognised in profit or loss. Where a revalue the portion of the reserve that relates to that financial asset is recognised	elates to that f d financial ass	inancial asset, et is impaired,
	-	2006	2005
		CU'000	CU'000
IAS 1.97(c)	Equity-settled employee benefits reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year Share-based payment Other [describe]	338 206 -	- 338 -
	Balance at end of year	<b>E</b> 4 4	
		544	338
IAS 1.76(b)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41.	options to em	ployees under
IAS 1.76(b)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p	options to em ayments to em <b>2006</b>	ployees under ployees is set <b>2005</b>
IAS 1.76(b)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p	options to em ayments to em	ployees under ployees is set
IAS 1.76(b) IAS 1.97(c)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p	options to em ayments to em <b>2006</b>	ployees under ployees is set <b>2005</b>
	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges	options to em ayments to em <b>2006</b>	ployees under ployees is set <b>2005</b>
IAS 1.97(c)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	2006 CU'000 278 209	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41)
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)]	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity	e options to em ayments to em 2006 CU'000 278	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)] IFRS 7.23(d)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps	2006 2006 CU'000 278 209 227 (131)	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41) 357 -
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)]	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps	2006 CU'000 278 209 227 -	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41) 357 -
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)] IFRS 7.23(d)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to amounts transferred to profit or loss	e options to em ayments to em 2006 CU'000 278 209 227 - (131) (3)	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41) 357 - (95) -
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)] IFRS 7.23(d) [IAS 32.59(b)]	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to amounts transferred to profit or loss Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged item Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	e options to em ayments to em 2006 CU'000 278 209 227 - (131) (3) (120) -	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41) 357 - (95) - (95) - (86) -
IAS 1.97(c) IFRS 7.23(c) [IAS 32.59(a)] IFRS 7.23(d) [IAS 32.59(b)] IFRS 7.23(e)	The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share the employee share option plan. Further information about share-based p out in note 41. Hedging reserve Balance at beginning of year Gain/(loss) recognised on cash flow hedges Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to gains/losses recognised in equity Transferred to profit or loss Foreign currency forward exchange contracts Interest rate swaps Currency swaps Income tax related to amounts transferred to profit or loss Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged item	e options to em ayments to em 2006 CU'000 278 209 227 - (131) (3) (120) - 37	ployees under ployees is set 2005 CU'000 258 (41) 357 - (95) - (95) - (86) - 26

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited				
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued				
IAS 1.76(b)	The hedging reserve represents hedging gains and losses recognised on the effective portion of cash flow hedges. The cumulative deferred gain or loss on the hedge is recognised in profit or loss when the hedged transaction impacts the profit or loss, or is included as a basis adjustment to the non-financial hedged item, consistent with the applicable accounting policy.				
IFRS 7.23(d)	Gains and losses transferred from equity into profit or loss during the following line items in the income statement:	e period are in	ncluded in the		
		Year ended 31/12/2006 CU'000	Year ended 31/122005 CU'000		
		0000	0000		
	Revenue	-	-		
	Other income Finance costs	- (120)	- (86)		
	Other expenses	(120)	(00)		
	Income tax expense	37	26		
	Other [describe]	-	-		
		(86)	(60)		
		2006	2005		
		CU'000	CU'000		
IAS 1.97(c)	Foreign currency translation reserve				
	Balance at beginning of year	225	140		
	Translation of foreign operations	75	121		
	Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	-	-		
	Deferred tax arising from translation Gain recycled on disposal of foreign subsidiary	(22) (120)	(36)		
	Income tax related to gain recycled on disposal of subsidiary	36	-		
	Other [describe]	-	-		
	Balance at end of year	194	225		
IAS 1.76(b)	Exchange differences relating to the translation from the functional curr subsidiaries into Currency Units are brought to account by entries currency translation reserve. Gains and losses on hedging instruments t on net investments in foreign operations are included in the foreign curre	made directly hat are designa	to the foreign ted as hedges		
		2006	2005		
		CU'000	CU'000		
IAS 1.97(c)	Option premium on convertible notes				
	Balance at beginning of year	-	-		
	Issue of convertible notes	834	-		
	Related income tax	(242)	-		
	Balance at end of year	592	-		
IAS 1.76(b)	Option premium on convertible notes represents the equity component million 5.5% convertible notes issued during the year (see note 33).	(conversion rig	hts) of the 4.5		

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	31. Retained earnings and dividends		
		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
IAS 1.97(a),(b)	Balance at beginning of year Effect of changes in the accounting for financial guarantee contracts	94,986 -	73,917 (21)
	Restated opening balance Net profit attributable to members of the parent entity Payment of dividends Share buy-back Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit funds recognised directly in	94,986 22,552 (6,635) (555)	73,896 27,569 (6,479)
	retained earnings Related income tax Transfer from properties revaluation reserve Other [describe]	- - 3	-
	Balance at end of year	110,351	94,986
IAS 1.95	On 23 May 2006, a dividend of 32.1 cents per share (total dividend C holders of fully paid ordinary shares. In May 2005, the dividend paid was dividend CU6.369 million). Dividends of 10 cents per share were paid on converting non-participat the year (2005: 10 cents per share) amounting to a total dividend of C	s 31.64 cents p ing preference	shares during
IAS 1.125(a) IAS 10.13	million). In respect of the current year, the directors propose that a dividend of 2 paid to shareholders on 25 May 2007. This dividend is subject to app Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in the proposed dividend is payable to all shareholders on the Register of Me total estimated dividend to be paid is CU3.905 million. The payment of the	roval by share ese financial st mbers on 21 A	holders at the atements. The pril 2007. The
	tax consequences for the Group. In addition, dividends of CU0.613 million (2005: nil) have been paid preference shares classified as liabilities (see note 32).		

Source	International GAAP Holdings Lim	lited			
	Notes to the consolidated financi for the year ended 31 December 2				
	32. Borrowings				
		Cur	rent	Non-c	urrent
		31/12/06	31/12/05	31/12/06	31/12/05
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
	Unsecured – at amortised cost				
	Bank overdrafts	520	314	-	-
	Bills of exchange (i)	358	374	-	542
	Loans from:		4.4.000		
	Related parties (ii)	12,917	14,932	-	19,192
	Other entities (iii) Redeemable cumulative preference	3,701	3,518	-	-
	shares (iv)	-	-	15,000	-
	Convertible notes (note 33)	-	-	4,144	-
	Perpetual notes (v)	-	-	1,905	-
	Other [describe]	-	-		-
		17,496	19,138	21,049	19,734
	Secured – at amortised cost				
	Bank overdrafts	18	64	-	-
	Bank loans (vi)	4,000	6,344	10,982	11,060
	Loans from other entities	-	-	575	649
	Transferred receivables (vii)	923	-	-	-
	Finance lease liabilities (viii) (note 38) Other [describe]	9	54	5	35
		4,950	6,462	11,562	11,744
		22,446	25,600	32,611	31,478
IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]	<ul> <li>(i) Bills of exchange with a variable average effective interest rate on t</li> <li>(ii) Amounts repayable to related pacharged on the outstanding loan b</li> <li>(iii) Fixed rate loans with a finance coryears). The weighted average eff 8.10% per annum). The Group exchanging fixed rate interest for fair value movements in the hedge</li> <li>(iv) 3,000,000 7% redeemable cumul issue price of CU5 per share. The</li> <li>(v) 2,500 6% perpetual notes were in CU0.595 million were incurred.</li> <li>(vi) Secured by a mortgage over the G</li> <li>(vii) Secured by the assets leased. The with repayment periods not exceed rate on the bank loans is 8.30% period.</li> </ul>	he bills is 6.8% arties of the C alances (2005: ompany with m ective interest hedges a po variable rate in d risk, being m ative preferen shares are red ssued on 27 d Group's freehold of the Group's e borrowings a eding 5 years.	5 per annum (200 5 oup. Interest o 5 8.0% - 8.2% per naturity periods n rate on the loan rate on the loan rtion of the loan trion of the loan treest. The outst hovements in the ce shares were leemable on 31 M August 2006 at p d land and buildin trade receivables are a mix of varial The current weig	5: 6.8% per ann f 8.0% - 8.2% annum). ot exceeding 3 y is is 8.15% per anding balance inter-bank rate in lay 2009 at CU5 orincipal value. gs (see note 27) (see notes 25 a oble and fixed int hted average ef	um) per annum years (2005 annum (200 est rate sw is adjusted n A Land. ne 2006 at per share. Issue costs n. nd 27). erest rate de

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited	
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued	
	33. Convertible loan notes	
IFRS 7.74.5 million CU denominated convertible loan notes were issued by the Company on 2006 at an issue price of CU1.10 per note. Each note entitles the holder to convert to share at a cost of CU3 per share.		
	Conversion may occur at any time between 1 July 2010 and 31 August 2010. If the r been converted, they will be redeemed on 1 September 2010 at CU1. Interest of 5.5 annually up until that settlement date.	
	The net proceeds received from the issue of the convertible loan notes have been spl liability element and an equity component, representing the residual attributable to convert the liability into equity of the Group, as follows:	
		CU'000
	Proceeds of issue Equity component (net of deferred tax) Deferred tax liability	4,950 (592) (242)
	Liability component at date of issue Interest charged Interest paid	4,116 110 (82)
	Liability component at 31 December 2006	4,144
IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.94(d)]	The interest charged for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate liability component for the four month period since the loan notes were issued.	e of 8% to the

34. 0	Other financial liabilities					
		Cur	rent	Non-current		
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	
Financia	al guarantee contracts	24	18		-	
effectiv	ives that are designated and e as hedging instruments at fair value					
	currency forward contracts	75	-	-	-	
	rate swaps	5	-	-	-	
	y swaps lescribe]	-	-	-	-	
		80		-	-	
value the Non der	ial liabilities carried at fair hrough profit or loss rivative financial liabilities gnated as at fair value through					
profit Held for	or loss trading derivatives that are not nated in hedge accounting	-	-	-	-	
relation	onships	-	-	-	-	
Held for liabili	trading non-derivative financial ties	-			-	
	_	-	-		-	
Other [d	lescribe]	-	-		-	
		104	18	-	-	

Source	International GAAP	Holdings Li	mited				
	Notes to the consol for the year ended 3						
IAS 1.74	35. Provisions						
				Current		Non-cu	rrent
			31/12/0	6 31/12		31/12/06	31/12/05
			CU'00	0 CU'0	00	CU'000	CU'000
	Employee benefits (i)		583	,	92	676	1,896
	Provision for rectification Warranty (iii)	n work (ii)	1,940 528		- 95	1,118	-
	Onerous lease contract		410		60	504	430
	Restructuring and termi Decommissioning costs		') ·	-	-	-	-
	Other [describe]			-		-	-
			3,461	I 3,2	47	2,298	2,326
		Employee I benefits	Rectification work	Warranties	Onerous leases	Restructuring/ termination	Decommiss- ioning
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
IAS 37.84(a)	Balance at						
IAS 37.84(b)	1 January 2006 Additional provisions	4,388	-	295	890	-	-
IAS 37.84(c)	recognised Reductions arising from payments/ other	-	4,170	338	406	-	-
IAS 37.84(d)	sacrifices of future economic benefits Reductions resulting from re-measurement or	(3,174)	(1,112)	(90)	(310)	-	-
IAS 37.84(e)	settlement without cost Unwinding of discount and effect of changes in the	-	-	(15)	(100)	-	-
	discount rate Contingent liability recognised on the	-	-	-	28	-	-
	acquisition of Subsix Limited (i)	45	-	-	-	-	-
IAS 37.84(a)	Other [describe] Balance at	-	-	-	-	-	-
	31 December 2006	1,259	3,058	528	914	-	-
IAS 37.85(a),(b)	<ul> <li>The provision for entitlements accru Subsix Limited, th compensation clai 2007.</li> </ul>	ued and comp e Group recog	pensation cl pnised an ad	laims made Iditional cont	by employ ingent liabil	ees. On the a ity in respect o	cquisition of f employees'
IAS 37.85(a),(b)	<ul> <li>(ii) The provision for r for the rectificatio Anticipated expen amounts have not work, because the</li> </ul>	n of goods su diture for 200 been discour	upplied to o 17 is CU1.94 Inted for the	ne of the G 4 million, an	roup's majo d for 2008	or customer (s is CU1.118 m	ee note 13). illion. These
IAS 37.85(a),(b)	<ul> <li>(iii) The provision for y the future outflow warranty program warranty trends an other events affect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>of economic for electronic nd may vary a</li> </ul>	benefits th toys. The e s a result of	nat will be r estimate has	equired un been mad	der the Group e on the basis	o's 12-month of historical
IAS 37.85(a),(b)	(iv) The provision for payments that th operating lease co future sub-lease re utilisation of the le term of the leases	e Group is pontracts, less r evenue, where eased premises	presently ob evenue expe applicable. s and sub-le	bligated to r ected to be e The estimate	nake unde arned on th may vary a	r non-cancella ne lease includi as a result of ch	ble onerous ng estimated aanges in the
74							

Source	International GAAP Holdings Lin	nited				
	Notes to the consolidated finance for the year ended 31 December					
	<ul> <li>(v) The provision for restructuring directors' best estimate of the di ongoing activities of the Group, be completed by [date].</li> </ul>	rect costs of the	restructuring the	at are not assoc	ciated with the	
IAS 37.85(a), (b)	(vi) The provision for decommissio estimate of the future outflow of improvements from leased pro obtained from external contractor	of economic bene perty. The estim	efits that will be nate has been r	required to rem nade on the ba	ove leasehold asis of quotes	
	36. Other liabilities					
		Cur	rent	Non-c	urrent	
		31/12/06	31/12/05	31/12/06	31/12/05	
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	
	Lease incentives (note 47)	90	90	180	270	
IAS 20.39(b)	Deferred government grants Other [describe]	-	 5	-	-	
		90	95	180	270	
	37. Trade and other payables					
				31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000	
	Trade payables			16,276	21,128	
IFRS 2.51(b)	Cash-settled share-based payments - Amounts due to customers under construction contracts (note 28) 36					
IAS 11.42(b)	Other [describe]		15			
				16,312	21,143	
	Total trade payables 31 December comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets classi	ve (2006: CU16.	276 million; 2005	5: CU21.128 mill	lion) and trade	
IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]	comprising the amount presented abo	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade 5: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	
	comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets class The average credit period on purchas charged on the trade payables for the charged at 2% per annum on the out	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade 5: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	
	comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets class The average credit period on purchas charged on the trade payables for the charged at 2% per annum on the out	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade i: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	
	comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets class The average credit period on purchas charged on the trade payables for the charged at 2% per annum on the out	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade 5: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	
	comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets class The average credit period on purchas charged on the trade payables for the charged at 2% per annum on the out	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade i: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	
	comprising the amount presented abo payables associated with assets class The average credit period on purchas charged on the trade payables for the charged at 2% per annum on the out	ve (2006: CU16. ified as held for s ses of certain go first 60 days from tstanding balanc	276 million; 2005 ale (2006: CU3.2 pods from B Lan n the date of the ce. The Group h	5: CU21.128 mill 254 million; 2005 d is 4 months. invoice. Therea as financial risk	lion) and trade i: nil). No interest is fter, interest is	

CU'000CU'000CU'000No later than 1 year105895Later than 1 year and not later than 564453years64453Later than five yearsLess future finance chargesPresent value of minimum lease1489148Included in the financial statements as:1489148Current borrowings953Non-current borrowings533	Source	International GAAP Holdings Limi	ted			
Leasing arrangements         IAS 17.31(e) IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]       Finance leases relate to manufacturing equipment with lease terms of 5 years. The Group options to purchase the equipment for a nominal amount at the conclusion of the lease agreer The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the lease agreer The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the lease dase         IAS 17.31(b)       Present value o minimum lease payments       Present value o minimum lease payments         No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years       10       58       9       5         Less future finance charges payments       16       102       14       8         Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings       9       5         Non-current borrowings       9       5						
AS 17.31(e)       Finance leases relate to manufacturing equipment with lease terms of 5 years. The Group options to purchase the equipment for a nominal amount at the conclusion of the lease agreer. The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the lease dassered by the lessor's tatle to the lease dassered by the lessor's tatter than 1 yea		38. Obligations under finance lease	es			
FRS 7.7       options to purchase the equipment for a nominal amount at the conclusion of the lease agreer         IAS 32.60(a)]       The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assected by the lessor's title to the lease dassected by the lessor's title to the leased assected by the lessor's to the lessor's to the leased astected by the lessor'		Leasing arrangements				
AS 17.31(b)          Minimum lease payments       Present value of minimum lease payments         31/12/06       31/12/05       31/12/06       31/12/06         No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years       10       58       9       5         Later than five years       6       44       5       3         Later than five years       -       -       -         Less future finance charges payments       16       102       14       8         Present value of minimum lease payments       14       89       14       8         Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings       9       5       3	FRS 7.7	options to purchase the equipment for a	nominal amo	unt at the conclu	usion of the lease	e agreements
Minimum lease paymentsminimum lease payments31/12/0631/12/0531/12/0631/12/0631/12/0531/12/06CU'000CU'000CU'000No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years105895644453Later than five yearsLess future finance charges payments16102148Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings1489148Included in the financial statements as: Son-current borrowings95Son - Current borrowings533		Finance lease liabilities				
31/12/06 $31/12/05$ $31/12/06$ $31/12/06$ No later than 1 year105895Later than 1 year and not later than 564453years64453Later than five yearsLess future finance chargesPresent value of minimum lease1489148Included in the financial statements as:1489148Current borrowings953Non-current borrowings533	AS 17.31(b)				minimu	m lease
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years64453Later than five yearsLess future finance charges payments16102148Present value of minimum lease payments1489148Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings95-Non-current borrowings53:		-	31/12/06	31/12/05	31/12/06	31/12/05 CU'000
years64453Later than five yearsLess future finance charges16102148Present value of minimum lease2)(13)payments1489148Included in the financial statements as:95Current borrowings53			10	58	9	54
Less future finance charges payments16 (2)102 (13)14 -8 -Present value of minimum lease payments1489148Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings95-Non-current borrowings533		years	6	44	5	35
Present value of minimum lease payments1489148Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings95-Non-current borrowings53-					14	89
Included in the financial statements as: Current borrowings 9 5- Non-current borrowings 5 3:		Present value of minimum lease		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>-</u>	- 89
Non-current borrowings 5 3						
						54 35
					14	89

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	39. Retirement benefit plans		
	Defined contribution plans		
	The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit plans for subsidiaries in C Land. The assets of the plans are held separately fro under the control of trustees. Where employees leave the plans contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced contributions.	om those of the C s prior to full v	Group in funds esting of the
	The employees of the Group's subsidiary in B Land are members of benefit plan operated by the government of B Land. The subsidial specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit pl contributions.	ry is required to to fund the ben	o contribute a efits. The only
IAS 19.46	The total expense recognised in the income statement of CU160,000 contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in December 2006, contributions of CU8,000 (2005: CU8,000) due ir reporting period had not been paid over to the plans. The amounts we balance sheet date.	the rules of the p respect of the	blans. As at 31 2006 (2005)
	Defined benefit plans		
IAS 19.120A(b)	The Group operates funded defined benefit plans for qualifying emp Land. Under the plans, the employees are entitled to retirement bene 45% of final salary on attainment of a retirement age of 65. No other provided to these employees.	fits varying betw	veen 40% and
	The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present obligation were carried out at 31 December 2006 by Mr. F.G. Ho, Fellow A Land. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the re past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method	w of the Institute elated current se	of Actuaries of
IAS 19.120A(n)	The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuat	ions were as follo	ows:
			tion at
		<u>31/12/2006</u> %	<u>31/12/2005</u> %
	Discount rate(s) Expected return on plan assets Expected rate(s) of salary increase Expected return on reimbursement rights Other [describe]	5.52 12.08 5.00 -	5.20 10.97 5.00
IAS 19.120A(g)	Amounts recognised in profit or loss in respect of these defined benefit	plans are as follo	ows:
		Year ended	Year ended
		<u>31/12/2006</u> CU'000	<u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000
	Current service cost Interest on obligation	463 164	442 137
	Expected return on plan assets	(276)	(249)
	Expected return on reimbursement rights Actuarial losses/(gains) recognised in the year	- 235	- 226
	Past service cost	-	-
	Losses/(gains) arising from curtailments or settlements Adjustments for restrictions on the defined benefit asset	-	-
	Total	586	556
77			

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
IAS 19.120A(g)	[The charge for the year is included in the employee benefits expen the charge for the year, CU412,000 (2005: CU402,000) has been in remainder in administration expenses. ]		
IAS 19.120A(f)	The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's or benefit plans is as follows:	obligation in respect	of its defined
		31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000
IAS 19.120A(d)	Present value of funded defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	5,905 (4,202)	5,808 (4,326)
IAS 19.120A(d)	Present value of unfunded defined benefit obligation	1,703	1,482 -
	(Surplus)/deficit Net actuarial gains and losses not recognised Past service cost not yet recognised Restrictions on asset recognised Fair value of reimbursement rights recognised as an asset	1,703 (873) (322)	1,482 (1,098) (32)
	Other [describe]		-
	Net liability/(asset) arising from defined benefit obligation	508	352
IAS 19.120A(c)	Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligatio follows:		
		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
	Opening defined benefit obligation Current service cost Interest cost	5,808 463 164	5,814 442 137
	Contributions from plan participants Actuarial losses/(gains) Past service cost	230	- 135 -
	Losses/(gains) on curtailments Liabilities extinguished on settlements Liabilities assumed in a business combination Exchange differences on foreign plans	-	-
	Benefits paid Other [describe]	(760)	(720)
	Closing defined benefit obligation	5,905	5,808
IAS 19.120A(e)	Movements in the present value of the plan assets in the current pe	riod were as follows	:
		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
	Opening fair value of plan assets Expected return on plan assets Actuarial gains/(losses)	4,326 276 220	4,788 249 (91)
	Exchange differences on foreign plans Contributions from the employer Contributions from plan participants Benefits paid	- 140 - (760)	- 100 - (720)
	Assets acquired in a business combination Assets distributed on settlements		-
	Other [describe]	-	-

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limi	ted			
	Notes to the consolidated financia for the year ended 31 December 2				
IAS 19.120A(j),(l)	The major categories of plan assets, ar each category, is as follows:	ed rate of return a	at the balance	sheet date for	
		Expected	d roturn	Fair value of	f plan assets
	-	2006	2005	31/12/2006	31/12/2005
	-	%	%	CU'000	CU'000
	Equity instruments	15.01	12.03	1,026	986
	Debt instruments	9.59	7.49	1,980	1,850
	Property	12.21	12.76	1,196	1,490
	Other [describe]	-	-	-	-
	Weighted average expected return	12.08	10.97	4,202	4,326
IAS 19.120A(I) IAS 19.120A(m)	The overall expected rate of return is categories of plan assets held. The d historical return trends and analysts' pred	irectors' asses dictions of the r	sment of the ex narket for the ass	pected returns et in the next tw	is based on
IAS 19.120A(k)	The plan assets include ordinary shares CU0.38 million (2005: CU0.252 million) Holdings Limited with a fair value of CU0	and property o	ccupied by a sub	sidiary of Interr	
IAS 19.120A(p)	The history of experience adjustments is	as follows:			
			31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000	31/12/2004 CU'000
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	n	5,905	5,808	4,672
	Fair value of plan assets Deficit		<u>(4,202)</u> 1,703	(4,326) 1,482	<u>4,672</u> 272
			1,100	1,102	
	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	6	230	135	210
	Experience adjustments on plan assets		220	(91)	156
IAS 19.120A(q),	In accordance with the transitional prov December 2004, the disclosures above a The Group expects to make a contribu- benefit plans during the next financial ye	are determined tion of CU0.44	prospectively fror	n the 2004 repo	orting period.
	40. Financial instruments	ar.			
	Note: The following are <u>examples</u> of the matters disclosed will be dictate significance of judgements and ex	d by the circu	mstances of the	individual entit	ty, and by the
IAS 1.124A,124B	(a) Capital risk management				
	The Group manages its capital to ensure concern while maximising the return to balance.				
	The capital structure of the Group cons 32, cash and cash equivalents and eq issued capital, reserves and retained ear	uity attributable	e to equity holde	ers of the pare	nt, comprising
79					

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	The Group's risk management committee reviews the capital structure part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and th class of capital. Based on recommendations of the committee, the C capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues ar the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.	ne risks associa Group will balaı	ited with each
	The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2005.		
IFRS 7.21[	(b) Significant accounting policies		
IAS 32.60(b)]	Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopter recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income a in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity ins 3 to the financial statements.	and expenses a	re recognised,
	(c) Categories of financial instruments		
		31/12/2006	31/12/2005
	Financial assets	CU'000	CU'000
IFRS 7.8(a) IFRS 7.8(a)	Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Held for trading Designated as at FVTPL (see below)	-	-
(-)	Derivative instruments in designated hedge accounting relationships	528	397
IFRS 7.8(b)	Held-to-maturity investments	6,863	5,262
IFRS 7.8(c)	Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	42,326	39,158
IFRS 7.8(d)	Available-for-sale financial assets	8,140	7,858
	Financial liabilities		
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
IFRS 7.8(e) IFRS 7.8(e)	Held for trading Designated as at FVTPL (see below)	-	-
	Derivative instruments in designated hedge accounting relationships	80	-
IFRS 7.8(f)	Amortised cost	71,369	78,221
	Financial guarantee contracts	24	18
	Loans and receivables designated as at FVTPL		
IFRS 7.9(c)	Carrying amount of loans and receivables designated as at FVTPL Cumulative changes in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk	-	-
[IAS 32.94(g)] IFRS 7.9(c) [IAS 32.94(g)]	Changes in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk recognised during the period	-	-
IFRS 7.9(a) [IAS 32.94(g)]	At the reporting date there are no significant concentrations of cred reflected above represents the Group's maximum exposure to cre receivables.		

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
IFRS 7.9(d)	Credit derivatives over loans and receivables at fair value		
[IAS 32.94(g)]		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Opening fair value Realised during the period Change in fair value Closing fair value	- - - -	- - -
	Financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL		
IFRS 7.10(a)		31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000
[IAS 32.94(h)]	Cumulative changes in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk	-	-
IFRS 7.10(a) [IAS 32.94(h)]	Changes in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk recognised during the period		
IFRS 7.10(b)	Difference between carrying amount and maturity amount	-	-
[IAS 32.94(h)]	Financial liabilities at fair value	31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000
	Amount payable at maturity		-
IFRS 7.31 [IAS 32.56, 57]	<ul> <li>(d) Financial risk management objectives</li> <li>The Group's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the bus domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyse magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency riand price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk.</li> <li>The Group seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using derivative of the sector of the sector.</li> </ul>	e financial risks s exposures b sk, fair value in rative financial	relating to the y degree and terest rate risk instruments to
	hedge these risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is gove approved by the board of directors, which provide written principles on f rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposu internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group does not enter into including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes. The Corporate Treasury function reports quarterly to the Group's risk	oreign exchang financial instrun re limits is rev or trade financia	e risk, interest nents, and the <i>r</i> iewed by the al instruments,
	independent body that monitors risks and policies implemented to mitiga	te risk exposure	es.
IFRS 7.33	(e) Market risk		
	The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of exchange rates (see (g) below) and interest rates (see (h) below). The derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rationcluding:	Group enters ir	nto a variety of
	<ul> <li>forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the exchange rate widgets to B Land and C Land;</li> </ul>	risk arising on	the export of
	<ul> <li>currency swaps to manage the foreign currency risk associated borrowings;</li> </ul>	iated with for	eign currency
	• forward interest rate contracts to manage interest rate risk; and		
81	• interest rate swaps to mitigate the risk of rising interest rates.		

Source	International GAAF	PHolding	gs Limit	ed					
	Notes to the conso for the year ended								
	Market risk exposures and stress scenario an		sured usir	ng value-at	-risk (VaF	R), suppler	mented by	sensitivit	y analysis,
FRS 7.33(c)	There has been no c manages and measure			up's expo	sure to m	narket risk	s or the	manner i	n which it
IFRS 7.41	(f) VaR analysis								
	The VaR risk measure a specified confidenc approach that takes i offsetting positions an consistently across all single risk number. Th that the daily loss will r	e level. nto accou nd correla markets ne one-da	The VaR unt marke ations be and prod y 99% Va	methodol et volatilitie etween pro lucts, and aR numbe	logy is a es as wel oducts ar risk meas	statistica Il as risk nd marke sures can	lly defined diversificat ts. Risks be aggreg	l, probat tion by r can be gated to	ility-based ecognising measured arrive at a
	VaR methodologies en covariance approaches to the various portfolios	s. In addit	ion to the	se two me	thodologi	es, Monte	Carlo sim		
	While VaR captures the analysis, and in partice abnormal market cond portfolio values of extra scenarios. The stress- same time and that no reflects the decline in lit	cular streations. The eme move testing move actions a	ss testing e Group a es in mar tethodolog are taken	y, is used assesses v kets, base gy assume during the	to add ir arious stro d on histo s that all s stress ev	nsight to ess scena prical expe market fa vents to m	the possib rios to mea rience as actors mov nitigate risk	le outcor asure the well as h ve advers	mes under impact on ypothetical sely at the
	Historical VaR	Ave	erage		mum		imum		r end
	(99%, one-day) by risk type	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000
	by fisk type	00000			00000			00000	
	Foreign exchange	980	1,340	546	943	1,200	1,600	980	1,350
	Interest rate Diversification	115 (45)	60 (40)	85	45	150	95	105 (55)	55 (50)
	Total VaR exposure	1,050	1,360		-			1,030	1,355
	Details of the sensitivit this note. (g) Foreign currer	y analysis	s for forei		sy risk and	l interest i	ate risk ar		
IFRS 7.33, 34 [IAS 32.56]	exchange rate fluctua	The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Hence, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward foreign exchange contracts.							
	The carrying amount of liabilities at the reporting				ncy denon	ninated m	onetary as	sets and	monetary
					abilities			Assets	
			_	2006	20		2006		2005
				CU'000	CU	000	CU'00	0	CU'000
	Currency of B Land Currency of C Land Other			8,297 186 -		469 135 -	1,57	4 - -	1,671 - -

Source	International GAAP Holdin	gs Limited					
	Notes to the consolidated for the year ended 31 Dece			d			
	Foreign currency sensitivity						
	The Group is mainly exposed (Currency C).	to the currenc	y of B Land	(Currei	ncy B) and the	currency of	f C Land
IFRS 7.40(b)	The following table details the of the relevant foreign currencies. internally to key management p change in foreign exchange rat denominated monetary items a foreign currency rates. The se operations within the Group w currency of the lender or the bu other equity where the CU stren	10% is the sepersonnel and es. The sensiti and adjusts th nsitivity analysy here the deno orrower. A pos	ensitivity rate represents ivity analysis eir translatio sis includes pmination of itive number	e used w manage include n at the externa the loa r indicat	when reporting ement's assess as only outstand e period end f I loans as wel an is in a curr tes an increase	foreign curre ment of the ding foreign or a 10% cl l as loans to rency other	ency risk possible currency hange in o foreign than the
		Currency			Currency		_
		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000		2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000	_
IFRS 7.40(a) IFRS 7.40(a)	Profit or loss Other equity	834 962	1,792 1,232	(i) (ii)	134 70	257 69	(iii) (i∨)
	<ul> <li>(i) This is mainly attributable at year end in the Group.</li> <li>(ii) This is mainly as a result cash flow hedges.</li> <li>(iii) This is mainly attributable</li> <li>(iv) This is mainly as a result cash flow hedges.</li> <li>The Group's sensitivity to foreig disposal of Currency B investma financial year which has resulted by the proceeding of the proceeding</li></ul>	of the change to the exposur- of the change on currency has nents and the d in lower Curr	es in fair val e to outstanc es in fair val s decreased reduction in ency B deno	ue of d ling Cur ue of d during Currenc minated	erivative instru rency C payab erivative instru the current per cy B sales in th d trade receivab	ments desig les at the yea ments desig iod mainly d he last quart bles.	nated as ar end. nated as ue to the er of the
IFRS 7.42	In management's opinion, the s risk as the year end exposure d sales are seasonal with lower s reduction in Currency B receiva	loes not reflect ales volumes i bles at year en	the exposur n the last qu	e during	g the year. Curi	rency B deno	ominated
IFRS 7.22, 33, 34 [IAS 32.56, 58, 60(a)]	It is the policy of the Group to e currency payments and receipts into forward foreign exchange purchase transactions out to adjustments are made to the o sale or purchase transaction tak	enter into forwa within 70% to contracts to n 6 months wit carrying amour	80% of the nanage the hin 40% to	exposur risk ass 50%	e generated. T sociated with a of the exposu	he Group als inticipated s re generate	so enters ales and d. Basis

Source	International GAAF	PHolding	gs Limit	ed					
	Notes to the conso for the year ended								
	The following table details the forward foreign currency contracts outstanding as at reporting date:								
	Outstanding contracts	Aver exchan		Foreign	currency	Contra	ct value	Fair	value
		2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
				FC'000	FC'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
	Buy Currency B								
	Less than 3 months	0.770	0.768	2,493	2,010	3,238	2,617	152	110
	3 to 6 months	0.768	0.750	1,974	1,958	2,570	2,611	92	34
	Sell Currency B Less than 3 months	0.780	0.769	982	1,028	1,259	1,337	(70)	26
	Buy Currency C Less than 3 months	86.29	85.53	12,850	20,000	149	234	(5)	50
								169	220
IFRS 7.34(a)	Note: The table above exchange risks personnel.								
	The Group has entered entered into forward for exchange rate risk aris flow hedges.	oreign exc	change c	ontracts (f	or terms	not excee	ding 3 mc	onths) to h	edge the
IFRS 7.23(a) [IAS 32.58(d)]	As at 31 December 200 contracts deferred in transactions is CU70,0 take place during the f equity will be released	the hedg 000 (2005 irst 3 mor	ing reset to unrealist ths of the	rve relatin ed gains	ig to the of CU26,0	exposure 100). It is	on these anticipated	e anticipated anti	ed future sales will
	The Group has entered Land. The Group has months) to hedge the designated into cash file	entered i exchange	nto forwa rate risk	rd foreign	exchange	e contract	s (for tern	ns not exc	eeding 6
IFRS 7.23(a) [IAS 32.58(d)]	As at 31 December 20 contracts deferred in CU239,000 (2005: unre during the first 6 month included in the carryin converted into invento deferred in equity will in	the hed ealised ga is of the n g amount ory and s	ging rese ins of CU ext financ of the ra old withi	erve relati 194,000). cial year at w materia n 12 mon	ing to the It is antici which sta Is. It is ar	ese antici pated that ge the am nticipated	pated fut the purch ount defe that the ra	ure transa ases will ta rred in equ aw materia	ictions is ake place ity will be ils will be
IFRS 7.23(a) [IAS 32.58(d)]	At the start of the third increased local compe- million of future sales highly probable. Accor contracts relating to for reserve into profit or los	tition and of which ( dingly, the precast tra	higher s CU97,000 e Group h	hipping co ) are no lo nas recyclo	osts. The ( onger exp ed CU3,00	Group had ected to c 00 of gain	d previous occur, and s on foreig	ly hedged CU982,00 gn currenc	CU1.079 0 remain y forward

Source	International GAAP H	oldings Lin	nited					
	Notes to the consolid for the year ended 31							
IFRS 7.33, 34	(h) Interest rate risk	management	t					
[IAS 32.56, 58, 60(a)]	The Group is exposed to floating interest rates. The fixed and floating rate bor contracts. Hedging activiti appetite; ensuring optima protecting interest expens	e risk is mana rowings, by th es are evalua I hedging stra	ged by the ne use of int ated regular ategies are a	Group by ma erest rate sw ly to align wit applied, by e	intaining an a ap contracts h interest rat ither position	appropriate n and forward e views and	nix between interest rate defined risk	
	The Group's exposures to liquidity risk management			al assets and	l financial liat	oilities are de	tailed in the	
	Interest rate sensitivity							
IFRS 7.40(b)	The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the balance sheet date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of instruments that have floating rates. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in interest rates.							
IFRS 7.40(a)	If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's:							
	<ul> <li>profit for the year educerease/increase b rates on its variable</li> </ul>	y CU43,000).	This is mai					
	<ul> <li>other equity reservence CU12,000) mainly a instruments.</li> </ul>							
	The Group's sensitivity to reduction in variable rate of						due to the	
	Interest rate swap contrac	<u>ts</u>						
IFRS 7.22, 33, 34 [IAS 32.58, 60(a)]	Under interest rate swap floating rate interest amou the Group to mitigate the and the cash flow expos swaps at the reporting da reporting date and the c interest rate is based on the	Ints calculated risk of changi ures on the i ate is determi rredit risk inh	d on agreed ng interest r ssued varia ned by disc erent in the	notional prin ates on the fa ble rate debi counting the f e contract, a	cipal amount air value of is t held. The fa future cash fl nd is disclos	s. Such contr sued fixed ra air value of i ows using th ed below. T	racts enable te debt held interest rate ne curves at	
	The following tables detain contracts outstanding as a			mounts and r	remaining ter	ms of interes	t rate swap	
	Outstanding floating for fixed contracts	Average co	rest rate	Notio principal		Fair v 2006		
		2006 %	<u>2005</u> %	2006 CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	2005 CU'000	
	Less than 1 year 1 to 2 years 2 to 5 years 5 years +	7.45 7.15 6.75 7.05	6.75 7.05 6.50 7.15	1,000 2,000 3,000 1,000	4,000 1,620 1,359	72 55 130 27	37 47 93	
				7,000	6,979	284	177	

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Source	International GAAP H	oldings Liı	mited						
	Notes to the consolid for the year ended 31								
FRS 7.34(a)	Note: The table above pr rate risks at the r personnel.								
	local interbank rate of A	The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The floating rate on the interest rate swaps is the local interbank rate of A Land. The Group will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.							
IFRS 7.22, 23(a)	All interest rate swap contracts exchanging floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the Group's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount deferred in equity is recognised in prof or loss over the loan period.								
	Outstanding fixed for		contracted	Noti					
	floating contracts	fixed inte 2006	erest rate 2005	principal 2006	amount 2005	Fair v 2006	/alue 2005		
	-	%	%	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000		
	Less than 1 year [describe]	8.15 -	-	3,701	-	(5)	-		
				3,701	-	(5)	-		
IFRS 7.39(a)	rate risks at the r personnel. The interest rate swaps se local interbank rate of A interest rate on a net basis	ettle on a qu Land. The (	arterly basis.	The floating	rate on the in	nterest rate s	swaps is the		
IFRS 7.24(a)	Interest rate swap contrac effective as fair value her percent effective in hedgin carrying amount of the loa time that the fair value of t	dges in resp ng the fair v n was adjus	pect of intere alue exposur ted by CU5,0	st rates. Duri re to interest 00 which was	ing the period rate movements included in p	d, the hedge ents and as	e was 100% a result the		
	(i) Other price risks	s							
	The Group is exposed to held for strategic rather that								
	Equity price sensitivity								
IFRS 7.40(b)	The sensitivity analyses b the reporting date.	elow have b	een determir	ned based or	the exposur	e to equity p	rice risks at		
IFRS 7.40(a)	If the inputs to the valuat constant:	ion model h	ad been 10%	6 higher/lowe	er while all of	ther variable	s were held		
	<ul> <li>net profit for the ye investments are cla impaired; and</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>other equity reservences</li> <li>CU8,000) for the Grashares.</li> </ul>								
	The Group's sensitivity to	equity prices	s has not cha	nged significa	antly from the	prior year.			

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited								
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued								
IFRS 7.36, appB9	(j) Credit risk management								
[IAS 32.56,57,76]	Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contra- financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and the credit ratin continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions con approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty I approved by the risk management committee annually.	y dealing with means of mitig ngs of its coun icluded is spro	creditworthy pating the risk terparties are ead amongst						
	Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased.								
	The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.								
	Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amount of finan financial statements, grossed up for any allowances for losses, repres exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral	ents the Grou							
	Financial assets and other credit exposures	Maximum							
	-	2006 CU'000	2005 CU'000						
	Guarantee provided by a subsidiary to secure financing for a sister company controlled by the Group's overseas parent	18,000	15,000						
	Guarantee provided to bank on a jointly controlled entity's loan	-	-						
	Other [describe]	-	-						
	(k) Liquidity risk management								
IFRS 7.33, 39(b) [IAS 32.56]	Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the manager medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. T risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and rese continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the assets and liabilities. Included in note 46 is a listing of additional undrawn at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.	ment of the G The Group man rve borrowing maturity profile	aroup's short, ages liquidity facilities by as of financial						
	Liquidity and interest risk tables								
IFRS 7.34, 35, 39(a) [IAS 32.67, 71, 74]	The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cas based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to par interest and principal cash flows. The adjustment column represents the attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which are amount of the financial liability on the balance sheet.	sh flows of final ay. The table i e possible futu	ncial liabilities ncludes both re cash flows						
IFRS 7.34(a)	Note: The tables below includes the weighted average effective interest the carrying amount in the balance sheet as an <u>example</u> of sumr exposure to interest rates at the reporting date that an entity m management personnel.	nary quantitati	/e data about						
87									

Source	International GA	ional GAAP Holdings Limited							
	Notes to the con for the year ende								
		Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3 months to 1 year	1-5 years	5+ years	Adjust- ment	Total
		%	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
	2006			a aa -					
	Non-interest bearing		12,081	9,209	3,917	-	-	-	25,207
	Finance lease liability	7.00	1	2	7	6	-	(2)	14
	Variable interest rate instruments	8.18	893	339	3,136	6,890	-	(445)	10,813
	Fixed interest rate instruments	7.56	1,735	4,825	12,389	30,035	2,898	(6,738)	45,144
	Financial guarantee contracts	-	18,000	-	-	-	-	(17,976)	24
			32,710	14,375	19,449	36,931	2,898	(25,161)	81,202
	2005								
	Non-interest bearing	-	11,181	11,622	4,560	-	-	-	27,363
	Finance lease liability	7.00	5	10	43	44	-	(13)	89
	Variable interest rate instruments	8.08	7,701	1,409	7,045	24,921	-	(5,679)	35,397
	Fixed interest rate instruments	8.03	1,554	3,129	7,238	15,945	-	(5,384)	22,482
	Financial guarantee contracts	-	15,000	-	-	-	-	(14,982)	18
			35,441	16,170	18,886	40,910	-	(26,058)	85,349

# IFRS 7.34, 35 [IAS 32.67, 71, 74]

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Group anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period. The adjustment column represents the possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which are not included in the carrying amount of the financial asset on the balance sheet.

	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3 months to 1 year	1-5 years	5+ years	Adjust- ment	Total
	%	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
2006								
Non-interest bearing	-	11,216	9,426	941	-	-	-	21,583
Variable interest rate instruments	5.75	20,979	1,367	3,944	2,448	-	(784)	27,954
Fixed interest rate instruments	7.38	42	85	2,815	2,681	-	(503)	5,120
		32,237	10,878	7,700	5,129	-	(1,287)	54,657
2005								
Non-interest bearing	-	8,493	8,516	248	-	-	-	17,257
Variable interest rate instruments	4.83	20,418	1,125	5,204	1,911	-	(530)	28,128
Fixed interest rate instruments	7.00	-	-	-	2,600	-	(478)	2,122
		28,911	9,641	5,452	4,511	-	(1,008)	47,507

	Notes to the consolidated	financial stat							
	for the year ended 31 Dece								
IFRS 7.34, 35 [IAS 32.67, 71, 74]	The following table details the table has been drawn up base instrument that settle on a net derivatives that require gross s amount disclosed has been det the yield curves existing at the re	d on the undis basis and the settlement. Whe termined by refe	counted net undiscounte n the amour	cash inflows/( d gross inflow nt payable or r	outflows) on t s and (outflov receivable is r	he derivative ws) on those not fixed, the			
		Less than 1 month CU'000	1-3 months CU'000	3 months to 1 year CU'000	1-5 years CU'000	5+ years CU'000			
	2006	00000	0000		0000				
	Net settled: Interest rate swaps	11	50	205	302	121			
	Foreign exchange forward				002	121			
	contracts Gross settled: Foreign exchange forward	(5)	(21)	13	-	-			
	contracts Currency swaps	12 20	35 72	- 40	-	-			
		38	136	258	302	121			
	2005								
	Net settled: Interest rate swaps	7	18	22	160	82			
	Foreign exchange forward				100	02			
	contracts Gross settled:	10	15	9	-	-			
	Foreign exchange forward	65	132	21	-	-			
	contracts Currency swaps	12	20	6	-	-			
		94	185	58	160	82			
	(I) Fair value of financial in	struments							
IFRS 7.27 [IAS 32.92(a), (b)]	The fair values of financial asse	ts and financial	liabilities are	determined as	s follows:				
	<ul> <li>the fair value of financial traded on active liquid man</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instrumer are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted ca flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions; and</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>the fair value of derivative not available use is made duration of the instrumen derivatives.</li> </ul>	of discounted c	ash flow anal	ysis using the	applicable yiel	d curve for th			
IFRS 7.27 [IAS 32.92(c)]	The financial statements includ 22). Fair value is estimated us that are not supportable by o earnings growth factor of 5.29 11.9%) are used.	ing a discounte	ed cash flow ket prices or	model, which rates. In det	includes som termining the	e assumptio fair value,			
	Included in (i) above is a sens Changes in these assumptions					to the mod			

Source	International GAAP Holdings Lim	nited				
	Notes to the consolidated finance for the year ended 31 December 2					
IFRS 7.25, 29(a [IAS 32.86]	Except as detailed in the following table assets and financial liabilities recorded fair values:					
		20	20	2005		
		Carrying		Carrying	/05	
		amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	
	Financial assets Loans and receivables:					
	[Describe] Held-to-maturity investments:	-	-	-	-	
	Bills of exchange	6,363	6,370	5,262	5,263	
	Debentures	500	502	- ,	-	
	Financial liabilities Borrowings:					
	Bills of exchange	358	360	916	920	
	Redeemable cumulative preference			0.0	020	
	shares	15,000	14,950	-	-	
	Convertible notes Perpetual notes	4,144 1,905	4,150 2,500	-	-	

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Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited							
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued							
IFRS 2.44	41. Share-based payments							
	Employee share option plan							
IFRS 2.45(a)	The Group has an ownership-based compensation scheme for executives and senior employees of the Group. In accordance with the provisions of the plan, as approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting, executives and senior employees with more than five years service with the Group may be granted options to purchase ordinary shares at an exercise price of CU1.00 per ordinary share.							
	Each employee share option converts into one ordinary share of International GAAP Holdings Limited on exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.							
	The number of options granted is calculated in accordance with the performance based formula approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting and is subject to approval by the Remuneration Committee. The formula rewards executives and senior employees against the extent of the Group's and individual's achievement against both qualitative and quantitative criteria from the following financial and customer service measures:							
	<ul> <li>improvement in share price</li> <li>improvement in net profit</li> <li>improvement in return to shareholders</li> <li>results of client satisfaction surveys</li> <li>reduction in rate of staff turnover</li> </ul>							
	The options granted expire within twelve months of their issue, or one month of the resignation of the executive or senior employee, whichever is the earlier.							
IFRS 2.45(a)	The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and comparative reporting periods:							
	Fair value Expiry Exercise at grant Options series Number Grant date date price date							
	CU         CU         CU           (1) Issued 31 March 2005 (*)         140,000         31/03/05         31/03/06         1.00         1.15           (2) Issued 30 September 2005 (*)         150,000         30/09/05         29/09/06         1.00         1.18           (2) Issued 31 March 2006 (*)         160,000         21/02/05         20/02/07         1.00         1.18							
	(3) Issued 31 March 2006 (*)       160,000       31/03/06       30/03/07       1.00       1.20         (4) Issued 29 September 2006 (**)       60,000       29/09/06       28/09/07       1.00       1.05							
	(*) In accordance with the terms of the share-based arrangement, options issued during the financial year ended 31 December 2005, and on 31 March 2006, vest at the date of their issue.							
	(**) In accordance with the terms of the share-based arrangement, options issued on 29 September 2006 will vest when the share price of International Group Holdings Limited, as quoted on the A Land Stock Exchange, exceeds CU4.							
IFRS 2.46, 47(a)	The weighted average fair value of the share options granted during the financial year is CU1.16 (2005: CU1.17). Options were priced using a binomial option pricing model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions (including the probability of meeting market conditions attached to the option), and behavioural considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 5 years. To allow for the effects of early exercise, it was assumed that executives and senior employees would exercise the options after vesting date when the share price was two and a half times the exercise price.							

International GAAP Holdings Limi	ited						
Inputs into the model		Or	otion series	ion series			
	Series 1			Series 4			
Grant date share price	2.64	2.67	2.69	2.53			
Exercise price	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Expected volatility	15.20%	15.40%	13.10%	13.50%			
	1 year			1 year			
				13.81%			
Risk-free interest rate Other [describe]	5.13% -	5.14%	5.50%	5.45% -			
		granted unde	r the employee	share option pla			
	200			2005			
	Number of	average exercise	Number o				
	options	price CU	options	price CU			
Balance at beginning of the financial							
	290.000	1.00	-	-			
			290.000	1.00			
	-	-	-	-			
Exercised during the financial year Expired during the financial year	(314,000) -	1.00 -	-	-			
Balance at end of the financial year	196,000	1.00	290,000	1.00			
Exercisable at end of the financial year	136,000	1.00	290,000	1.00			
Exercised during the financial year							
The following share options granted under financial year:	er the employee	e share option	n plan were exer	cised during th			
2006	Nu	mber		Share price a			
Options series			kercise date	exercise date			
				CU			
			05/01/06	2.50			
(1) Issued 31 March 2005	30	0,000					
(1) Issued 31 March 2005	45	5,000	31/01/06	2.25			
(1) Issued 31 March 2005 (1) Issued 31 March 2005	45 65	5,000 5,000	15/03/06	2.75			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> </ul>	45 65 65	5,000 5,000 5,000	15/03/06 03/07/06	2.75 2.95			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> </ul>	45 65 65	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06	2.75 2.95 3.15			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> </ul>	45 65 85 2	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000	15/03/06 03/07/06	2.75 2.95			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> </ul>	45 65 85 2	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06	2.75 2.95 3.15			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(3) Issued 31 March 2006</li> </ul>	45 65 85 22 312 <b>Nu</b>	5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 <b>mber</b>	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06 20/12/06	2.75 2.95 3.15 3.50 Share price a			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(3) Issued 31 March 2006</li> </ul>	45 65 85 22 312 <b>Nu</b>	5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 <b>mber</b>	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06	2.75 2.95 3.15 3.50 Share price a			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(3) Issued 31 March 2006</li> </ul> 2005 Options series	45 65 85 22 312 <b>Nu</b>	5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 <b>mber</b>	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06 20/12/06	2.75 2.95 3.15 3.50 Share price a exercise date			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(3) Issued 31 March 2006</li> </ul> 2005 Options series [describe option series]	45 65 85 22 312 <b>Nu</b>	5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 <b>mber</b>	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06 20/12/06	2.75 2.95 3.15 3.50 Share price a <u>exercise date</u>			
<ul> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(1) Issued 31 March 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(2) Issued 30 September 2005</li> <li>(3) Issued 31 March 2006</li> </ul> 2005 Options series	45 65 85 22 312 <b>Nu</b>	5,000 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 <b>mber</b>	15/03/06 03/07/06 28/08/06 20/12/06	2.75 2.95 3.15 3.50 Share price a exercise date			
	for the year ended 31 December 2         Inputs into the model         Grant date share price         Exercise price         Expected volatility         Option life         Dividend yield         Risk-free interest rate         Other [describe]         The following reconciles the outstanding at the beginning and end of the financial year         Granted during the financial year         Forfeited during the financial year         Exercised during the financial year         Expired during the financial year         Balance at end of the financial year         Expired during the financial year         Expired during the financial year         Expired during the financial year         The following share options granted und financial year:         2006	for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continu         Inputs into the model         Grant date share price       2.64         Exercise price       1.00         Expected volatility       15.20%         Option life       1 year         Dividend yield       13.27%         Risk-free interest rate       5.13%         Other [describe]       -         The following reconciles the outstanding share options of at the beginning and end of the financial year:         200         Number of options         granted during the financial year         20,000         Granted during the financial year         20,000         Forfeited during the financial year         20,000         Forfeited during the financial year         -         Exercised during the financial year         -         Balance at end of the financial year         -         Balance at end of the financial year         -         Balance at end of the financial year         136,000         Exercisable at end of the financial year         The following share options granted under the employeed financial year:         2006       Number	Series 1       Series         Grant date share price       2.64       2.67         Exercise price       1.00       1.00         Expected volatility       15.20%       15.40%         Option life       1 year       1 year         Dividend yield       13.27%       13.12%         Risk-free interest rate       5.13%       5.14%         Other [describe]       -       -         The following reconciles the outstanding share options granted under at the beginning and end of the financial year:       2006         Number of options       exercise       overage         Number of curve       exercise       curve         year       290,000       1.00         Forfeited during the financial year       220,000       1.00         Forfeited during the financial year       -       -         Exercised during the financial year       -       -         Balance at end of the financial year       -       -         Balance at end of the financial year       -       -         Balance at end of the financial year       -       -         Balance at end of the financial year       136,000       1.00         Exercised during the financial year       136,000       1.00 <tr< td=""><td>for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued         Inputs into the model       Option series         Grant date share price       2.64       2.67       2.69         Exercise price       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Exercise price       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Exercise price       1.00       1.20%       15.40%       13.10%       Option life       1 year       1</td></tr<>	for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued         Inputs into the model       Option series         Grant date share price       2.64       2.67       2.69         Exercise price       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Exercise price       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00         Exercise price       1.00       1.20%       15.40%       13.10%       Option life       1 year       1			

Source	International	GAAP H	oldings L	.imited						
	Notes to the of for the year e					d				
	42. Related	party tran	sactions							
IAS 24.12 AS 1.126(c)	The immediate (incorporated in							re X Hold	ings Limited	
	Transactions be have been elim between the Gro	inated on	consolida	tion and a	re not disc	closed in th				
	Trading transa	ctions								
IAS 24.17,18		year, group entities entered into the following trading transactions with related parties that nbers of the Group:								
		Sales o	f goods	Purchases	of goods		owed by parties		nts owed to ed parties	
	· ·	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended		partico			
	-	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000	
	X Holdings Limited Subsidiaries of Y	693 1,289	582 981	439 897	427 883	209 398	197 293	231 149	139 78	
	Holdings Limited Associates	398	291	-	-	29	142	-	-	
	The amounts ou or received. No amounts owed the Loans to relate	expense h by related	nas been re				r doubtful d	lebts in re 2/06	aspect of the 31/12/05	
							CU	'000	CU'000	
	Loans to key ma Loans to a joint			1				656 981	107 2,981	
							3,	637	3,088	
	The Group has short-term loans							nt ventur	e entity with	
	Compensation	of key ma	anagemen	t personn	el					
IAS 24.16	The remunerati	on of dire	ectors and	other me	mbers of I	key manag	ement duri	ing the y	ear was as	
							31/1	2/06	Year ended 31/12/05	
							CU	'000	CU'000	
	Short-term bene Post-employme							681 602	10,270 1,391	
	Other long-term	benefits					1,	153	1,769	
	Share-based pa	yments						949	863	
							17,	385	14,293	
	The remunerati having regard to						by the rem	nuneration	n committee	

I

Source	International GAAP H	oldings L	.imited					
	Notes to the consolidation for the year ended 31				ł			
	Other related party trans	actions						
IAS 24.17,18	In addition to the above Company, for which a ma paid, being an appropriate	anagement	fee of Cl	J0.18 millior	n (2004: CU	0.16 mill	ion) was c	harged and
	43. Acquisition of sub	osidiaries						
IFRS 3.67(a) to (d)	Subsidiaries acquired			Principal activity	Date of acquisition	ofs n acq	oortion hares juired a %)	Cost of acquisition CU'000
	2006 Cubaix Limited			Financial	45/00/00			
	Subsix Limited Subseven Limited			Financial Distribution	15/06/06 30/11/06		00 00	430 792
							_	1,222
	2005 [describe]						_	
							_	-
IFRS 3.67(f) IAS 7.40(a),(c),(d)		:	Subsix Limit	ed	Sub	seven Lim	ited	
	Net assets acquired	Book value	Fair value adjust- ment	Fair value on acquisi- tion	Book value	Fair value adjust- ment	Fair value on acquisi tion	
		CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000	CU'000
	Current assets: Cash & cash equivalents Trade & other receivables Inventories	200 87	- -	200 87	- 105 62	- (5)	- 105 57	200 192 57
	Non-current assets: In-process R&D Plant & equipment	- 50	- 35	- 85	- 312	- 57	- 369	- 454
	Current liabilities:		35			57		
	Trade & other payables Non-current liabilities: Deferred tax liabilities	(23)	- (11)	(23)	(35)	-	(35)	(58) (13)
	Contingent liabilities	-	(45)	(45)	-	-	-	(45)
	Goodwill on acquisition	312	(21)	291	444	52	496	787 435
								1,222
IFRS 3.69 IFRS 3.67(d),(h), IAS 7.40(b)	The initial accounting for the balance sheet date. So values of Subsix's assets date of finalisation of t calculations had not beer above has therefore only likely tax values. The mari values of the other assets The cost of acquisition o Limited comprised cash CU400,000. In each acqu	ubsix Limit are requin hese final finalised been prov ket valuation acquired a f Subsix L of CU392	ed becam red to be ancial state and the a visionally c ons obtain as part of th Limited wa 2,000 and	e wholly own reset based ements, the idjustment to letermined b ed for tax po ne business as paid in c land and	ned on acqu on market of necessary o deferred ta based on the urposes may combination ash. The co buildings wi	isition. F values a market ax liabilit directo v also im osts of a th an a	or tax purp nd other fa valuation ies and g rs' best es pact the re cquisition ggregate	ooses, the tax actors. At the s and other oodwill noted stimate of the ecognised fair of Subseven fair value of

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited							
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued							
	Net cash inflow on acquisition							
		Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05					
IAS 7.40(a)	Total purchase consideration Less: non-cash consideration for Subseven Limited	1,222 (400)	-					
IAS 7.40(b) IAS 7.40(c)	Consideration paid in cash Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	822 (200)	-					
		622	-					
	Goodwill arose in the business combination because the cost of the c premium paid to acquire Subsix Limited. In addition, the considerat effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected syne market development and the assembled workforce of Subsix Limit recognised separately from goodwill as the future economic benefits reliably measured.	ion paid for th ergies, revenue ted. These be	e combination growth, future nefits are not					
	The Group also acquired the customer lists and customer relationships of the acquisition. These assets could not be reliably measured and separa because they are not capable of being separated from the Group ar rented or exchanged, either individually or together with any related contr	ately recognised nd sold, transfe	d from goodwill					
IFRS 3.67(i)	Included in the net profit for the period is CU35,000 attributable to the additional business generated b Subsix Limited, and CU13,000 attributable to the purchase of Subseven Limited.							
FRS 3.70	Had these business combinations been effected at 1 January 2006, the revenue of the Group would be CU163.5 million, and net profit CU32.436 million. The directors of the Group consider these 'pro-forma' numbers to represent an approximate measure of the performance of the combined group on an annualised basis and to provide a reference point for comparison in future periods.							
	In determining the 'pro-forma' revenue and profit of the Group had S Limited been acquired at the beginning of the current reporting period, the							
	<ul> <li>calculated depreciation and amortisation of plant and equipment ad values arising in the initial accounting for the business combina amounts recognised in the pre-acquisition financial statements</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>based borrowing costs on the funding levels, credit ratings and del after the business combination</li> </ul>	bt/equity positio	n of the Group					
	• excluded takeover defence costs of the acquiree as a one-off pre-ac	cquisition transa	action.					

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	44. Disposal of business		
	During the financial year, the Group disposed of its bicycle busi follows:	ness. Details of the c	lisposal are as
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 7.40(d)	Book value of net assets sold		
	<u>Current assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Inventories	288 1,034 2,716	- - -
	<u>Non-current assets</u> Property, plant and equipment Goodwill on consolidation	5,662 3,080	-
	<u>Current liabilities</u> Payables	(918)	-
	Non-current liabilities Borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	(4,342) (526)	-
	Net assets disposed of	6,994	-
	Minority interest Gain on disposal	- 1,820	-
		8,814	-
IAS 7.40(a)	Consideration		
IAS 7.40(b)	Consideration paid in cash and cash equivalents Deferred sales proceeds (note 25)	7,854 960	-
	Net cash inflow on disposal	8,814	-
IAS 7.40(c)	Consideration paid in cash and cash equivalents Less cash and cash equivalent balances disposed of	7,854 (288)	-
		7,566	-

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	45. Cash and cash equivalents		
IAS 7.45	For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstandin cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:	g bank overdra	afts. Cash and
		31/12/2006 CU'000	31/12/2005 CU'000
	Cash and bank balances Bank overdraft	20,199 (538)	19,778 (378)
		19,661	19,400
	Cash and cash equivalents included in a disposal group held for sale (note 12)	175	-
		19,836	19,400
IAS 7.43	46. Non cash transactions and financing facilities		
	Non cash investing and financing transactions		
			مرم مالان بر المراجع
	<ul> <li>During the 2006 financial year, the Group disposed of property, pl aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement.</li> <li>In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the task flow statement.</li> </ul>	n note 44. This of consulting se oment under a	disposal is not rvices. finance lease.
	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via
	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the form the cash flow statement over the form the cash flow statement over the form the cash flow statement.	n note 44. This of consulting se oment under a	disposal is not rvices. finance lease.
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the telease repayments.	on note 44. This of consulting second the second se	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u>
IAS 7.50	<ul> <li>aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement.</li> <li>In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the talease repayments.</li> <li><i>Financing facilities</i></li> <li>Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call:</li> <li>amount used</li> </ul>	on note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> CU'000 520	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000 314
IAS 7.50	<ul> <li>aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement.</li> <li>In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the talease repayments.</li> <li><i>Financing facilities</i></li> <li>Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call:</li> </ul>	onote 44. This of consulting second the fination of the finati	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686
IAS 7.50	<ul> <li>aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement.</li> <li>In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the talease repayments.</li> <li><i>Financing facilities</i></li> <li>Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call:</li> <li>amount used</li> </ul>	on note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> CU'000 520	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000 314
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the the lease repayments.	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> 520 <u>1,540</u> 2,060	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000 314 2,686 3,000
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the flease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused	onote 44. This of consulting second the fination of the finati	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the to lease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount used	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> 520 <u>1,540</u> 2,060 358	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916
IAS 7.50	<ul> <li>aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement.</li> <li>In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the flease repayments.</li> <li><i>Financing facilities</i></li> <li>Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: <ul> <li>amount used</li> <li>amount unused</li> </ul> </li> <li>Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: <ul> <li>amount used</li> <li>amount used</li> <li>amount unused</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> 520 <u>1,540</u> 2,060 358 <u>1,142</u>	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via <u>31/12/2005</u> CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the f lease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility • amount unused	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> 18	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the telease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount used • amount unused • amount unused	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> <u>18</u> <u>982</u>	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64 936
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the telease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount unused • amount unused • amount unused • amount unused	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> 18	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the f lease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility • amount unused	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> <u>18</u> <u>982</u>	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64 936
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the t lease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: amount used amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility amount unused Secured bank loan facilities with various maturity dates through to 2009 and which may be extended by mutual agreement: amount used	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> <u>18</u> <u>982</u> <u>1,000</u>	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64 936 1,000 17,404
IAS 7.50	aggregate fair value of CU0.4 million to acquire the business indicated in reflected in the cash flow statement. In addition, share issue proceeds of CU8,000 were received in the form of During the 2005 financial year, the Group acquired CU40,000 of equip This acquisition will be reflected in the cash flow statement over the file lease repayments. <i>Financing facilities</i> Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually and payable at call: • amount used • amount unused Unsecured bill acceptance facility, reviewed annually: • amount unused • amount unused • amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility • amount unused Secured bank overdraft facility • amount unused • amount unused	note 44. This of consulting se oment under a erm of the fina <u>31/12/2006</u> <u>CU'000</u> <u>520</u> <u>1,540</u> <u>2,060</u> <u>358</u> <u>1,142</u> <u>1,500</u> <u>18</u> <u>982</u> <u>1,000</u>	disposal is not rvices. finance lease. ince lease via 31/12/2005 CU'000 314 2,686 3,000 916 1,184 2,100 64 936 1,000

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	47. Operating lease arrangements		
	The Group as lessee		
	Leasing arrangements		
IAS 17.35(d) IFRS 7.7 [IAS 32.60(a)]	Operating leases relate to warehouse facilities with lease terms of be option to extend for a further 3 years. All operating lease contracts cont the event that the Group exercises its option to renew. The Group purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.	ain market revi	iew clauses in
	Payments recognised as an expense		
		Year ended 31/12/06 CU'000	Year ended 31/12/05 CU'000
IAS 17.35(c)	Minimum lease payments	2,008	2,092
IAS 17.35(c)	Contingent rentals	-	-
IAS 17.35(c)	Sub-lease payments received		
		2,008	2,092
IAS 17.35(a)	Non-cancellable operating lease commitments		
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Not longer than 1 year Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years Longer than 5 years	1,734 3,568 1,618	1,908 4,336 2,526
		6,920	8,770
	In respect of non-cancellable operating leases the following liabilities hav	e been recogni	sed:
		2006	2005
	Onerous lesse contracto (acto 25)	CU'000	CU'000
	Onerous lease contracts (note 35) Current	410	460
	Non-current Lease incentives (note 36)	504	430
	Current	90	90
	Non-current	180	270
	The Group as lessor	1,184	1,250
	Leasing arrangements		
IAS 17.56(c)	Operating leases relate to the investment property owned by the Group with lease terms of between 5 to 10 years, with an option to extend for a further 10 years. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the lessee exercises its option to renew. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.		
IAS 40.75(f)	The property rental income earned by the Group from its investment pr out under operating leases, amounts to CU18,000 (2005: CU14,000) arising on the investment property in the period amounted to CU4,000 (2	. Direct operation	ting expenses

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International GAAP Holdings Limited		
Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
Non-cancellable operating lease receivables	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
Not longer than 1 year Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years Longer than 5 years	18 54 -	18 72
	72	90
48. Commitments for expenditure		
	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
Commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	4,856	6,010
as follows:	31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
Commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	983	192
	<ul> <li>Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued</li> <li>Non-cancellable operating lease receivables</li> <li>Not longer than 1 year Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years</li> <li>Longer than 5 years</li> <li><b>48. Commitments for expenditure</b></li> <li>Commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment</li> <li>In addition, the Group has entered into a contract for the manager investment property for the next 5 years, which will give rise to an annua</li> <li>The Group's share of the capital commitments of its jointly controlled en as follows:</li> </ul>	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued         Non-cancellable operating lease receivables       31/12/06         Not longer than 1 year       18         Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years       54         Longer than 5 years       -         72       72         48. Commitments for expenditure       31/12/06         CU'000       Cu'000         Commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment       4,856         In addition, the Group has entered into a contract for the management and maint investment property for the next 5 years, which will give rise to an annual charge of CU3         The Group's share of the capital commitments of its jointly controlled entity, JV Electron as follows:       31/12/06

Source	International GAAP Holdings Limited		
	Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 – continued		
	49. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets		
		31/12/06 CU'000	31/12/05 CU'000
	Contingent liabilities	0000	0000
IAS 37.86(a)	Court proceedings (i)	-	-
IAS 31.54(a)	Contingent liabilities incurred by the Group arising from interests in joint ventures (ii)	110	116
IAS 28.40(a)	Consolidated entity's share of associates' contingent liabilities (iii)	150	14
	Contingent assets		
IAS 37.89	Faulty goods claim (iv)	140	-
IAS 37.86(b)	(i) An entity in the Group is a defendant in a legal action involving th to supply goods in accordance with the terms of contract. The dire advice, that the action can be successfully defended and there costs) will be incurred. The legal claim is expected to be settle eighteen months.	ectors believe, t fore no losses	based on legal (including for
	(ii) A number of contingent liabilities have arisen as a result of ventures. The amount disclosed represents the aggregate amoun for which the Group as an investor is liable. The extent to whic required is dependent on the future operations of the joint v favourable than currently expected. The Group is not contingen other venturers in its joint ventures.	it of such contin h an outflow of entures being	funds will be more or less
	(iii) The Group's share of contingent liabilities of associates. The e funds will be required is dependent on the future operations of t less favourable than currently expected.		
	(iv) A company in the Group has a claim outstanding against a supproducts. Based on negotiations to date the directors believe that will be successful and that compensation of CU0.14 million will be	it is probable t	
	50. Events after the balance sheet date		
IAS 10.21	On 18 January 2007, the premises of Subfive Limited were seriously damaged by fire. Insurance claims are in process, but the cost of refurbishment is currently expected to exceed the amount the will be reimbursed by CU8.3 million.		
	51. Approval of financial statements		
IAS 10.17	The financial statements were approved by the board of directors a 15 March 2007.	and authorised	for issue on

ISA 700 (Revised) – Global Version INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(APPROPRIATE ADDRESSEE)

# **Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of International GAAP Holdings Limited, which comprise of the balance sheet as at 31 December 2006, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

# Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of International GAAP Holdings Limited as of 31 December 2006, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu 15 March 2007

Note: The audit of the financial statements may be conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and/or applicable local auditing standards, making reference to local laws, auditing standards or regulations. The format of the report above is as specified by ISA 700 (Revised), The Independent Auditor's Report on a Complete Set of General Purpose Financial Statements (effective for auditor's reports dated on or after 31 December 2006).

When local auditing standards or regulations apply, the report format will be impacted by those local rules. For example, for the European Union (EU), there is a special requirement under the current 4th Directive to refer to the applicable financial reporting framework in the introduction paragraph. Further, EU listed entities are required to prepare their consolidated financial statements from 2005 onwards on the basis of "International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU". This affects both the accounting policies and the auditor's report as regards their reference to the applicable financial reporting framework.